Iraqi national airline to fly again

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq said Monday it would resume internal flights of its grounded national airline next month for the first time since the Gulf war. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said Baghdad had received approval for the flights from the U.N. Security Council Committee that oversees sweeping trade sanctions imposed on Iraq for its August 1990 invasion of Kuwait. INA quoted Iraqi Airways' Director-General Noureddin Al Safi as saying flights would resume on Jan. 15 between Baghdad and the Iraq's second city of Basra, 600 kilometres south of the capital, using planes already to Iraq. Mr. Safi did not mention flights to the northern city of arready to Iraq. Mr. Safi did not mention flights to the northern city of Mossil, the other domestic route for Iraqi Airways Boeing 707s. Baghdad has appealed repeatedly for the Sanctions Committee to allow the return of 33 of its aircraft stranded abroad since they were flown out of the country for sanctury just hours before the Gulf war began last February 17. The Security Council's Sanctions Committee recently approved a humanitarian flight by the airline to carry meat from Sudan to Baghdad. Mr. Safi said a government-owned company had been awarded a contract to repair the domestic Al Muthana airmort, which was heavily domasted in nestic Al Muthana airport, which was heavily damaged in

Volume 16 Number 4877

AMMAN TUESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1991, JUMADEH AL AKHERA 4, 1412

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirham

3 killed in helicopter crash

AMMAN (Petra) — Three air force officers died when a Royal Jurdanian Air Force helicopter Judimisa Air Force helicopter crashed Monday during night flying exercises, the Royal Jorda-nian Air Force announced Monday. The dead were identified as Captain Tayseer Salem Al Zind, Jestenant Sadek Mohammad Abdul Hag and Lt. Munic Hassan Freihat. No further details were immediately available.

Arab League delays Lockerbie meeting

CAIRO (R) - Arab League Secretary-General Esmat Abdul Megnid said the 21-member body postponed a scheduled meeting Monday to discuss the Lockerbie bombing. Dr. Abdul Meguid told reporters Egypt, which has been mediating between Libya and the West, requested the delay "to allow more time for consultation." Monday's session was expected to discuss British criticism of the league's support for Libya following a meeting last week of the permanent representatives.

Syria expels Nazi hunter

PARIS (R) - Nazi hunter Beate Klarsfeld was expelled from Syria Monday after being arrested while protesting the govern-ment's alleged harbouring of a Nazi war criminal, the French Foreign Ministry said. Mrs. Klarsfeld was arrested in Damascus after demonstrating in front of the Syrian Interior Ministry against the reported presence in Syria of Alois Brunner, Brunner, former chief of transit Camp in Drancy, France, was convicted in absentia for "crimes against humanity" for his role in deport-ing 120,000 people during World

Maxwell autopsy finds no positive death cause

MADRID (R) - Pathologists who carried out the autopsy on publisher Robert Maxwell's body were unable to find conclusive proof of what caused his death last month, a knowledgeable source said Monday. The final autopsy report says Mr. Maxwell, who had coronary artery disease, most likely feil overboard after suffering a heart attack on the deck of his yacht, according to the source. Neither suicide nor drowning could be ruled out, said the source. The document is now in the hands of an investigating magistrate in the Canary Islands. The autopsy results only suggest a cause of death, the source said. Can it be assured that's what it is? No ... it's the most probable

Turkish troops kiii two Kurds

ANKARA (R) — Turkish troops killed two Kurdish guerrillas Monday in a clash in eastern Turkey, the semi-official Anatolian news agency said. It said the clash with the guerrillas of the Kurdish Workers' Party (PKK) took place near Alacakaya town in Elazig province.

Iraq to reduce military service

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq is reducing from three to two years the period of compulsory military service for university graduates, Iraqi newspapers reported. The government's Al Jumbouriyah newspaper said the amendments included cutting the period of national service for graduates. It also said Baghdad would raise from 18 to 19 the age at which non-students would be pressed

Bonn denies German parts in iragi Scuds

BONN (R) - None of the Scud missiles fired by Iraq during the Gulf war contained parts made by German firms, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said Monday. He was responding to reports from the United States, quoting a U.N. study, that German firms had provided equipment for Baghdad's missile programme.

Bilaterals resume today; Arabs confident of tackling substance despite Israeli stalling tactics

Washington session could continue beyond Friday

From Jordan Times Staff Reporters or lack of it in the talks.

ARAB-ISRAELI bilateral talks resume here today after a delay of one week marked by heated wrangling and bickering over procedural issues and whether the negotiations will deal with substance this time around.

Having failed to show up for the American-scheduled Dec. 4 talks, the Israeli delegations have finally arrived and said they are ready to start talks Tuesday.

The Israelis, however, have indicated that they would insist on talking procedure before substance and that they would not stay in the U.S. capital beyond

According to some reports the Israeli delegations, which arrived here Sunday, contend that they are only assigned a limited mandate to reach agreement with the Arabs oo another venue for bilateral talks and they would leave by Friday regardless of progress

By P.V.Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The bottom line that

Jordan would consider as a tangible breakthrough in Arab-Israeli peace

talks is a freeze in Israel's settlement

activity in the occupied territories,

Information Minister Mahmoud

"If the Israelis are serious for

peace, then they can show it by a freeze of (Jewish) settlement (to the

occupied territories)," said Mr. Sharif in an informal meeting with foreign.

Asked whether the demand for a

halt to Israel's settlement activity was

a "condition" to puruse peace talks

with the Jewish state, the minister

said: "It is not a condition. It is only

Mr. Sharif pointed out that the

territories were "an important ele-

ment in the continuation of the peace

process" since land for peace is the basis for the peace negotiations.

"They are swallowing (Arab) land day by day and this is not accept-able," he told the journalists in the

first such encounter after he assumed

office two months ago. "Quite soon there will not be any land to talk

about. No land (means) no peace."

Israel has rebuffed every call for a

halt to its dedicated drive to settle the

ents in the occupied

Sharif said Monday.

Nothing less than freeze

breakthrough — Sharif

in settlement will be a

Arab delegates nevertheless sounded optimistic yesterday that the Israeli delegation will in fact enter negotiations on substantive issues, including steps towards Palestinian self-rule and will remain in Washington at least until some real progress is

Other than bickering over whether the negotiations should continue to be based in the U.S. capital, the Israelis are making a big issue of the two separate rooms that the State Department has made available for Jordanian-Israeli and Palestinian-Israeli talks.

According to Israeli-sourced re-ports, the Israelis have told U.S. officials that the "separate-rooms" arrangement is unacceptable and that negotiations would not get off the ound unless the second room is

By doing this, the Israelis meant to send the message that they would talk to the Pakestinians only under Jorda-nian auspices — a condition rejected by both the Jordanian and Palestinian

According to Arab delegates, "a principle has been adopted that

peace conference Oct. 30.

The Palestinians, who are attend-

ng peace talks with Israel in a joint

delegation with Jordan, have repe-atedly affirmed that one of their first

priorities is to ensure a freeze in

settlements in the occupied territor-

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Sha-

mir said last month after talks in

ments could be on the negotiating

table but be ruled out any move to

halt settlement activities in the occu-

Mr. Sharif, the first-ever Jordanian

information minister with decades of

experience in journalism, disagreed

with a suggestion that Jordan felt "betrayed" by the obvious American

reluctance to adopt a firm position to

ast week's wrangle over the Dec. 4

date for the resumption of Arab-Israeli bilateral peace talks ia

"I would not describe it that way,"

he said. "We had hoped that the U.S. would be more forthcoming in deal-

ing with Israel's delaying tactics re-garding the meeting in Washington." However, the minister said, "this

does not mean or represent any re-

traction from the American commit-

ment to the peace process.
"We do not see this as a slowing

down on Washingtoa's commit-

Israel, in protest over what it de-

identities and agendas." "It is not a matter of tactics." a well-informed Arab delegate told the principle. The Jordanians will not negotiate the Palestinian agenda on their behalf. They have to be separated when negotiating with the

"The problem is not the aumber of another Jordanian delegate explained. 'The Jordanians provided an umbrella to the Palestinian delegation to facilitate their participation in a conference aimed at finding a solution to their problem. The umbrella was not provided so that we would

negotiate on their behalf."
"Whea it comes to the actual conduct of negotiations the two (Palesti-nian and Jordanian) teams have separate agendas which they have to negotiate separately," the delegate

The new snag began whea the advance teams of Arab delegations went to the State Department just before the Dec. 4 date for bilateral talks to inspect the rooms designated for the bilateral talks and found that

Makmoud Sharif

set by the U.S. and the Soviet Union

and managed to delay the talks until

antagonise its long-time Middle East ally, played down the dispute and was

seen as not only letting Israel have its

way but also going out of its way to appease the Jewish state and dilute

dverse media impact against it. Mr. Sharif said Jordan's strained

relations with some of the Arab coun-

tries to the wake of the 1990 Iraqi

our relations with Eypt," a leader of

the anti-Iraq Arab camp which Jor-

dan did not join, Mr. Sharif said, recalling that His Majesty King Hus-sein and Hosni Mubarak had ex-

changed messages through envoys

last 15 days. "Further steps are

vasion of Kuwait were on the mend.

There is a certain improvement in

The U.S. obviously anxious not to

We then made the request that the joint delegation be separated into two rooms during the negotiations and the Americans accepted," an

Arab delegate recounted. In the negotiations with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker prior to the opening of peace talks in Madrid, it was agreed, according to informed sources, that the joint de-legation would commence its bilateral talks as a joint delegation but would later split into two separate negotiat-

meeting in Madrid with the Israelis as the one which we would attend jointly," a Jordanian delegate said. Now we expect that substantiv

negotiations should be conducted with two separate delegations as agreed upon with the co-sponsors fore we entered the peace talks, After the Americans complied with

the Arab request, the delegations entered the State Department from

(Continued on page 5)

Shamir maintains tough line

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said Monday Israel may negotiate some issues directly with Palestinians in the uext round of Middle East peace talks but opposed any move to split the Jordanian-Palestinian delegation.

"There has to be a dialogue on Maybe they will persuade us," be said when asked if there was a possibility the Israelis would negotiate with Palestinians outside the framework of the joint delegatioo. In the past Mr. Shamir has

insisted on the joint delegation in order to avoid granting Palestinians the status of an independent entity. The prime minister, speaking

to reporters after addressing parliament's foreign affairs and defence committee, indicated that any direct Israeli-Palestinian negotiations might come at the subcommittee level.

"At the previous meeting in Madrid it was stated there would be subcommittees in the negotiations ... so we have to discuss their composition," Mr. Shamir

But Mr. Shamir reiterated his (Continued on page 5)

eded" for a total reconciliation, but (Continued on page 2)

ference, at which about 20 delega-tions are led by heads of state. President Abdou Diouf of Senegal, the incoming conference chairman, joined Sheikh Jaber in praising God for influencing the Western powers to liberate Kuwait. PLO," Mr. Jawara said. Gambian President Sir Dawda Jawara called for renewed solidarity

lims to ensure no repetition of "the most shocking incident" to rock the Islamic World. He spoke of the "massive destruction and buman tragedy caused by Baghdad.

DAKAR (Agencies) — Officials from 45 Muslim countries opened

a summit Monday with denuncia-

tions of Iraq and calls for their

Organisation of the Islamic Con-

ference (OIC) to seek a powerful

niche in the new world order.

Outgoing Chairman Sheikh Ja-ber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, the

emir of Kuwait, opened the con-

ference's sixth summit by assail-

ing Iraq for invading his country,

"a fellow Muslim nation, in total

disregard of the Islamic concept

of never using force to resolve

Iraq is boycotting the four-day con-

comply with U.N. resolutions on war reparations and destruction of its war

hinery. The speakers welcomed the initiative taken by the United States and the Soviet Union that led to a first round of Middle East peace talks in

OIC summit opens in Dakar

King addresses Islamic meeting today

"It will be a long and tortuous road, but never before has there beea such hope for a resolution," Mr. Diouf said. Compromise should be encouraged but any peace plan must include the return to Palestinians of territories occupied by Israel, he said. There was a round of applause indicating solidarity with the Palestinian people and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yas-

ser Arafat, who is attending the meet-"There can be no real lasting peace without the full participation of the

Notable absentees included King Fahd of Saudi Arabia, President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt, Presideat Hafez Assad of Syria and President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali of Tunisia. The absence of major leaders left the field open to Iran, whose Presi-dent Hashemi Rafsanjani prepared to play a leading role.

His Majesty King Hussein, who is leading the Jordanian delegation, re-ceived Monday at his residence in Izzeddin Al Iraqi, who heads the Moroccan delegation to the summit. Discussion during the meeting cen-

tred on the importance of the OIC parley hosted by Senegal, particularly that it is the first time an OIC summ is held in an African Muslim country. King Hussein and the Moroccar premier exchanged views on the ongoing efforts to resolve the Palestinian problem and settle the Arab-Israeli conflict in a just and perma-nent manner on the basis of interna-

tional legitimacy. The meeting was attended on the Jordanian side by Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Royal Court Chief Adnan Abu Odeh, the King's Military Secretary Prince Talal Ben Mohammad, and on the Moroccan side by Minister of State for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation among Maghreb states Abdul Latif Kilani. King Hussein visited Algerian President Chadli Benjedid at his residence

in the Senegali capital, The two leaders stressed the importance of holding the OIC summit

(Continued on page 2)

Settlers' rampage and general strike mark uprising anniversary home to nearly 100,000 Palesti-

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM 800,000 Palestinians io towns and (Agencies) - Armed Jewish settlers rampaged through a West Bank town under army curfew on the fourth anniversary of the intifada Monday.

Palestinian witnesses said about 20 settlers attacked parked Arab cars in Ramallah, north of

Others with Israeli flags demonstrated in neighbouring-Al Bireh where unknown assailants shot a Jewish settler eight days

They want us to be afraid of them," said Ramallah resident Ashraf Zain who watched from his home as settlers slashed the

The nearly two million Palestimans of the occupied West Bank, Gaza Strip and East Jerusalem observed a general strike to mark the anniversary of their uprising. against Israeli rule in which more than 850 Arabs have been killed by security forces.

As on previous anniversaries the army prevented Arabs from the West Bank and Gaza from entering occupied Jerusalem. It also clamped curfews oo about Gaza City, which altogether are

refugee camps. Shops were shuttered and traffie came to a virtual standstill throughout the West Bank and

Gaza. Military checkposts were

set up on the main roads. The strike, a reminder that the pro-independence rebellion was not over, came a day before the Israeli and Arab teams are schedoled to meet in Washington for the next round of Middle East

peace talks.

"The oprising of four years is an uprising of ups and downs, of stones, bottles, arsons and some-times weapons," Israeli police commissioner Yaakov Terner

uprising exists." require Palestinians to stay insdic

their homes. Ramailah and some surround-

ing villages were also under curfew, as well as the Gaza Strip's

Shati and Jabaliya refugee camps

and some neighbourhoods in

On Monday, the military imposed a curfew in central Nablus. the West Bank's largest town, with 120,000 residents. Curfews

chased and then shot the 22-year-In Beit Iksa in the occupied

West Bank - Palestinians and Arab-Israeli members of Israel's parliament braved strong winds and muddy soil to plant olive seedlings Monday in a symbolic protest of Israeli land confisca-

In Gaza's Bureij refugee camp,

soldiers shot to the chest and

seriously wounded a Palestinian

who allegedly attempted to attack

them with an ax, according to the

army. Arah reports said soldiers

seini, a little breathless after digging holes for the seedlings, told reporters that the seizure of land by Israel was not in the spirit of peace talks set to start Tuesday in

Washington. "The whole world is looking for the start of the peace process," Mr. Husseini said. "Unfortunately Israeli aothorities are doing the opposite by confiscating our own land. This means Israel is not negotiating."

Iraq appeals to West to unfreeze funds for food

U.S. bombing in the Gulf war destroyed close to a billion dollars worth of food stocks, is appealing to the West to unlock its money so it can feed its peo-"The situation is critical — 1

think that is what you want to hear," Trade Minister Mohammad Mehdi Saleh told foreign iomnalists late on Sunday, two days after the U.N. Security Council began a periodic review of trade sanctions against Iraq. Mr. Saleh said U.S. raids on

what Washington called military installations had destroyed nine food warehouses containing \$850 million worth of frozen chicken and meat as well as flour, sugar, cooking oil and tinned baby milk powder. "The tins are still there. We

insisted on keeping them there," he said, showing reporters a photograph of mountains of twisted metal in a destroyed milk warehouse in Iraq's southern Al Qadissivah province. The 4,000 tonnes of powdered

formula would have been enough to feed all of Iraq's infants for two months, Mr. Saleh said. He said another 2,000 tonnes of baby milk bound for Iraq had been sitting at a Turkish port

since the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait 16 months ago. Some of that milk has passed the expiration date, Mr. Saleh said. "We can rebuild the ware-

houses but we can't fill them again," the minister said, inaugurating an exhibit of the destroyed stocks. Millions of Iraqis under the grip of a sweeping U.N. trade ban

slapped on Iraq after the August 1990 invasion of Kuwait are sur-

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq, saying viving on government food rations costing Baghdad between \$90 million and \$100 million a

> Iraq, which has rejected a United Nations plan to sell oil under international supervision to raise funds, wants access to money from its \$4 billion in foreign assets frozen by governments after the invasion (see page 2).

'Supergun destroyed'

Iraq has destroyed its fabled supergun, the "Doomsday" weapon built to lob shells more than 1,000 kilometres, says a U.N. witness.

Iraq chilled the world with disclosures that it possessed the big-gest gun in any arsenal, able to hit israel and other Middle East targets at will.

United Nations expert Patrice Palanque said before leaving Iraq Monday that he watched the weapon's destruction. So ended a thriller saga that

unfolded dramatically in Europe in April, 1990 with the seizure of giant steel pipes that Iraq insisted were part of an oil pipeline. Mr. Palanque said be super-vised the finale. "With this mis-

sion all that Iraq has declared of its ballistic missile capability has been destroyed," be said. He said his 11-member arms

inspection team had verified the dismantling of the I,000-mm calibre gun at a site in Iskandariyah, 50 kilometres south of Baghdad, during their week-long

The last step involved destroying the recoil springs in the huge gum. Iraq had already cut three 350-mm guns into small

Sheikh Obeid appeals for prisoner swap

TEL AVIV (Agencies) - Kidnapped Lebanese cleric Sheikh Abdul Karim Obeid has called for a prisoner swap to include himself and missing Israeli airman Ron Arad. "I appeal ... in the name of

brotherhood and in the name of humanity to ... this person who holds the pilot, to remember that we and the pilot have children whom we do not see at all," Sheikh Obeid said in an interview broadcast on Israeli Arabic television news on Monday night. Sheikh Obeid, kidnapped by Israeli commandos from his home in the South Lebanese village of libsheet in 1989, looked healthy.

Sheikh Obeid is a member of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God) which earlier accused Israel of blackmail by demanding the return of its missing sevicemen before freeing Lebanese prisoners. Sheikh Obeid called on his

followers to release all prisoners. not just Western hostages. "Everybody, all the hostages, must go to their homes ..."

A high-ranking official of Hizcollah said Monday it does not hold missing Arad and Israel has no exense to keep holding Lebanese prisoners after the re lease of all American and British

"The question of the hostages is over," said Sheikh Naim Kassem, deputy secretary-general of the Iranian-backed Highollah. "Israel has no more excuses for

procrastination, for keeping the issue of prisoners suspended. Sheikh Kassem said in remarks broadcast by Hizbollah's Al Noor radio station.

occupied territories as a gesture of goodwill against the backdrop of the peace process, which was launched in Madrid with a U.S.-Soviet spomored scribed as American efforts to dictate terms to the Middle East negotiating parties, turned down the Dec. 4 date U.S. media refocusing limelight on Mideast talks

By Ghadeer Taher Special to the Jordan Times

WASHINGTON - On the eve of the resumption of Arab-Israeli bilateral negotiations Tuesday, the U.S. media appear to be renewing interest in the issue of Mideast peace after relegating it last week to the third or fourth item on television broadcasts and to the inside pages of newspap-

On Sunday, Secretary of State James Baker made his first media appearance on the CBS programme "Face the Nation" after be remained conspicuously absent from the process through-out the week as it hit a real snag over date and venue. Cable News Network (CNN) Sunday aired an interview with adviser to the Palestinian delegation Ghassan Khatib and Israeli Ambassador Zelamn Shoval while the high-profile programme "This Week With David Brinkley" broadcast as laterview with possible presidential candidate Pat Buchanan who stressed putting American national toterests above those of Israel.

Attempts to explain the scant U.S. media coverage of the Middle East peace process have found little middle ground be-tweea pro-Arab "conspiracy theorists," who feel pro-Israeli

influence dominates the media. and pro-Israeli apologists saying Americans were simply not in-

The talks, which were officially scheduled to begin Dec. 4 in the American capital, but were delayed by Israel, barely received any front-page coverage in major newspapers or televi-sion time on the three major

television networks.
"Conspiracy theorists" argue that there was a premeditated and carefully-orch trated campaign by the U.S. media and event to spare Israel the embarrassment of being absent on the scheduled opening day of the second round of Arab-Israeli biateral talks after the Arab delegations showed up on the sche-duled date. Defenders of the media cover-

age say that this argument is "hidicrous" and that the peace talks were overshadowed by more important domestic stories. Not one major newspaper in front-page slot and only one of the major television networks featured the story is its nightly news programme. Even CNN, which brought the Gulf war and the Madrid peace conference to

(Continued on page 2)

Only Jews and Arabs interested in bilaterals

By Ruben Castaneda

Euler Santos'a shoeshine customers aren't talking about it. Neither are the folks who come in for haircuts at the Early Bird Barber Shop on Ninth Street NW. It's not Mo's restaurant. Nary a woof has been heard about it from the patrons — buman or canine — of the Dog Wash in the Bladgen Alley neighbourhood in Northwest.

The second round of the historic

Mideant peace conference, which began at the State Department Wednesday minus, at least, ontil Monday, the Israeli contingent, has been greeted by much of Washington with a less than histor-Though interest in the talks is

high among many in the local Jewish and Arab communities, the high-stakes peace process begun in Madrid in late October has barely registered a blip on the radar screen of many Washingtonians. Santos works a shoeshine stan in the National Capital YMCA at the 17th Street and Rhode Island Avence NW. Most of his customers are downtown professionals. Many chat with him about politics. such as the political odyssey of former Klansman David Duke, crime and the fortunes of the Red-

skins, Santos said. No one, however, has said a

Like several of the nearty 20 people interviewed, Santos admit-ted that be was only vaguely aware of the talks and didn't know they were being held in Washington.
At the Early Bird Barber Shop in the Shaw neighbourhood, the talk lately has been about "drugs, the Man," and (the propriety of) high-speed police cha barber George Mitchell. And, of course, the Redskins, Mitchell said. "That's all they talk about, those damn Redskins." Asked this week how touch she

knew about the peace talks, Lynda Wright, owner of the Dog Wash, said, "I haven't paid much attention. I know they were supposed to start, and Israel will not be there at the start." None of her customers - the dog owners, that is - and none of her friends have talked about the issue either. Wright said. There was a little more excite-

ment - at least for one ever over at the Grand Hotel, the base for the Palestinian delegation. Wednesday night, a dozen mem-bers of the Jewish Committee for Israeli-Palestinian Peace welcomed members of the delegation — in-cluding Elias Freij, the mayor of Bethlehem — to the peace talks." "It has been a long period of

(Continued on page 2)

with Lebanon's Islamic fun-

damentalist groups to end a kid-

"The Iranian government has

been placed in a particularly diffi-

cult position by constant press-

ares from the German govern-

ment," the Tehran Times said.

hostages, but emotional and

psychological aspects of this par-ticular affair make it difficult for

Iran to pressure a family whose

son is condemned to life impris-

omment," the English-lanaguage

Mohammad Ali Hamadi was

sentenced to life for murder and

hijacking in connection with the 1985 hijack of a TWA jet to

Beirut in which a U.S. navy diver

Abbas was jailed for kidnap-ping two other Germans in Leba-

non to win his brother's release.

The Germans are the last re-

Iran played a central role in the

maining Westerners held by pro-

franian militants in Lebanon

release of American and British

hostages under a swap brokered

by United Nations Secretary-

General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

of the fact that Tehran-Bonn ties

are at the height of cordiality,

not at all comparable with its

relations with England and

USA," the Tehran Times said.

Iranian Deputy Foreign Minis-

ter Ali Mohammad Besharati

told German Foreign Minister

Hans-Dietrich Genseher

Wednesday that Tehran had

assured the kidnappers Bonn

would find a way to release the

Hamadis if the two Germans

were free, the Iranian news agen-

cy (IRNA) reported.

'Iran will do its utmost in view

paper added.

was host dead.

"Iran favours the release of all

Iran said working to free German hostages

TEHRAN (R) — Iran is working hard for the release of two kidnapped German aid workers, the last Western hostages held in Lebanon, the Tehran Times said Monday.

The paper, frequently well-informed on Westerners held by pro-Iranian militants, said "fresh develops" could result from an Iranian minister's visit to Bonn in the coming days.

A Muslim leader in Lebanon

said Sunday the German captives, Thomas Kemptner and Heinrich Struebig, would be freed by the end of the month under a deal involving two Lebanese brothers jailed in Ger-

But Bonn demied any deal to free Abbas and Mohammad Ali Hamadi, jailed for murder, kidnapping and hijacking.

The Tehran daily, accurate in the past on hostage issues, said Iran's ambassador in Germany, Hossein Mousavian, had returned to Tehran and met President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani over "new initiatives for the release of the German hostages.

It did not spell out the initia-tive, but added: "The official but not pre-planned trip to Germany of Deputy Foreign Minister Mahmoud Vaezi within the coming days seems to open up brighter prospects.

"Thus the coming days could possibly bring in news of fresh developments in this connec-

Since August, nine Western captives have been freed in a push by the United Nations to free all hostages in Lebanon in return for Arab prisoners held by

Keen to end its international

Baker: U.S. 'might well' have let Israel-Iran deal

WASHINGTON (R) - Secretary of State James Baker said Sunday that the United States "might very well" have allowed Israel to sell Iran American-made arms and spare parts worth bil-lions of dollars from early 1981

Asked to comment on a New York Times report that Washington abruptly changed its policy to make the sales possible, Mr. Baker said on U.S. television:

"I don't know, that it's not true, I don't know that it is true... I don't have any recollection... it might very well have happened as far as I know."

The New York Times report, quoting senior Reagan admi tration officials and Israeli officials, said the flow of arms began a few months after Iran released the American hostages seized at the U.S. embassy in Tehran in

The hostages were freed on January 1981 on the day President Ronald Reagan took office. Mr. Baker was White House chief of staff at the time.

The secretary of state, pressed to confirm the report, said, "It might very well he the case that we had decided to do that as a favour to Israel, because Israel would earn, I suppose, some money from selling those parts. "We do cooperate with Israel

on matters such as this." Asked how it was that he was not sure whether it happened, he said "A lot of things happened over that four-year period, some of which I knew about and some of which I didn't. I don't have a

recollection. "The secretary of state is the person, as I understand it, who is empowered to approve export of technology such as that... that doesn't mean it would necessarily have come to the president's attention but it might very well have," he added.

The secretary of state at the time was Alexander Haig. The New York Times quoted

an adviser to Mr. Haig as denying the former secretary of state authorised arms shipments from Israel to Iran. The newspaper said the United

States specifically authorised the sales for between six and 18 Iran badly needed the arms, ammunition and spare parts to replenish and repair the predominantly U.S.-made arsenal it was

using in its war with Iraq.

The newspaper said that Mr. Haig and former Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin worked out the agreement in 1981 and the Reagan administration rescinded it in 1982.

In the mid-1980s the Reagan administration made a secret agreement with Iran to exchange U.S. arms for American hostages held by the Iranian groups in

The New York Times said it could not establish an American rationale for the change of policy. But it said disclosure of the Reagan administration's agreement with Israel comes as the U.S. Congress prepares to begin an investigation into allegations that Reagan campaign officials made a deal with Iran for the release of the hostages after the November 1980 U.S. presidential election. That alleged, but un-proved, scenario has become known as the "October surprise."

The New York Times said interviews carried out over the last three months have found no link between the Israeli arms sales to Iran and such an "October surprise" scenario.

Singapore firm under probe

The United States is investigating a Singapore company for alleged involvement illegal arms sales to Iran in the 1980s, a U.S. embassy

The official said Singapore-incorporated Aero Systems Private Limited had been indicted by a U.S. court for selling U.S.-made military aircraft and missile parts to Iran. The company is a subsidi-ary of a Miami-based Aero Sys-

The U.S. official declined to elaborate, while officials of Aero Systems in Singapore were not available for comment.

The Straits Times newspaper said on Monday the parts were allegedly smuggled to Iran between 1984 and 1987 disguised as commercial aircraft parts and with the end-nsers' names falsi-

director of the Jewish Community Council of Greater Washington, Several of the alleged sales said the peace talks have been a hot topic of conversation among were shipped to Iranian agents in Hong Kong, the newspaper said.

Arafat accuses Soviets, **U.S.** of favouring Israel

ing with Israel by seeking repeal

of a United Nations resolution

equating Zionism with racism

refusing visas to advisors accom-

panying the Palestinian delega-

tion, and not giving delegates the

same facilities they had at the first

He urged Washington and

What is going on now in

We once again assert in this

Washington puts the United

States before an important test to

political round of the settlement

process in Washington that there

will be no peace other than the

Palestinians', no stability without

the Palestinian will, and no secur-

ity unless it passes through the

security of our people and the Arab Nation," he said.

We went to Washington realis-

ing the difficult situation and we did not go for a picnic... but we

went to stress our position to-

wards peace and justice even

colleagues. But he said he was not

surprised that it was not as popular

among non-Jews and non-Arabs.
"Many Americans are focused

on the economy and domestic

issues, worried about their next

Jim Zogby, executive director of the Arab-American Institute, said

he and his colleagues and friends of

Arab descent have been following

Madrid, people got up in the wee hours to watch it," on CNN Zogby

There is a sense of pride among

many Arab-Americans about the

way the Arab delegations acquit-

ted themselves at Madrid, and a

sense of excitement about their presence in Washington, he said.

Zogby also dismissed theories on the lack of excitement about the

talks; he said there is no outpour-

ing of interest because the Israeli

delegation has yet to arrive and

If the Israelis had come to the

table when the other delegations

did, "there definitely would have

been a buzz," he said. --- The

Washington Post.

there were no substantive talks.

When the talks occurred in

paycheck," he said.

the process intently.

prove its credibility," he said.

Moscow to shoulder thier respon-

sibilities and stop applying double

round in Madrid.

atandards.

NICOSIA (R) — Palestinian leader Yasser Árafat has Sunday accused Moscow of backing Israel in Middle East peace talks but singled ont Washington as the main culprit.

In a message marking the fourth anniversary of the start of the Palestinian uprising, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) chairman called on Palestinians to escalate their

"We know that the co-sponsors of the (Middle East peace) conference are pampering the Zionist enemy, especially America which treats him as an ally and a friend." he said.

The United States and Soviet Union are joint sponsors of the talks, due to resume in Washington Tuesday. "We know that this Zionist

enemy has allies and friends in ngton and he is the spoiled son of the subsequent American governments... and more than that (America) is not the decent referee in this difficult and dangerous match," Mr. Arafat

though we might not find this peace or this justice," he said. He accused Washington of sid-

(Continued from page 1)

darkness between us," said Kay

Elfant, a committee member. Frei

and Elfant lit candles in a menoral

for the fourth night of Hanukah.

At noon today, members of the Palestinian delegation are sche-duled to visit the Community for

Creative Non-Violence, a shelter

for the homeless, to show solidar-ity with homeless people, said Ahmed Saif, a spokesman for the

But events such as those involv-

ing interaction between the delega-

tions and Washingtonians have

People offer several theories as

to why the talks have not captured

widespread attention locally.
"Washingtonians are so used to

high-level politics that it's the norm

for us, not like it would be in Waterloo, Iowa," said Mo Suss-man, owner of Joe & Mo's, a

popular Connecticut Avenue res-

Murray Tenenbaum, executive

many of his Jewish friends and

been the exception so far.

Only Jews, Arabs give attention

Islamic summit opens in Dakar ly at a time when blocs in other pure of the world are being created. The meeting was attended on the Jordanian side by Sharif Zeid, Mr. Abu Odeh and Prince Talki. On the

(Continued from page 1)
at this critical stage in the history of
Arabs, Muslims and the entire world.
King Hussein and Mr. Benjedid
affirmed that holding the summit in
Senegal gives a chance for building
and bolstering cooperation among and bolstering cooperation among Arab states in the Arab World and

The two leaders exchanged views on the Middle East peace process and the need to solve the Palestinism problem on the basis of international

gitimacy.

Discussed at the meeting was also
norder in lorder the democratisation process in Jordan and Algeria. King Hussein and Mr. Benjedid affirmed the need to contime the process and safeguard it so as to engage the Jordanian and the Algerian peoples in the process of decision-making in their countries. They also called for mending the

sein said in a statement:

"It is a big Arab and labuse
metting and it was our duty to participate in it. I cannot predict its combe
but I hope it will carry positive week
ou the long way towards our goals
and purposes in achieving infegration mongst ourselves."
King Hussein will deliver in

address at the conference Treatment morning. The address will deal with Arab and Islamic issues as well as the basis for consolidating Islamic soll. durity to confront the current cha

Algerian side it was attended by Foreign Minister Al Akhdur Al litta-

mi. Following the meeting King Han.

Nothing less than settlement freeze

(Continued from page 1)

"relations are warming up," the in-formation minister added. Likewise, there is also an upture daniso-Saudi relations, he said, and did not rule out a possible meeting between King Hussein and Sandi Crown Prince Abdullah on the fringes of the Islamic summit which opened in Dakar, Senegal, on Mooday. Better ties between Jordan and Kuwait have to wait, he said without elaboration. Kuwaiti leaders, who have accused Jordan of "supporting Iraq in the Gulf crisis, are said to oppose any immediate warm-up in ties with Amman in the post-Gulf war

Turning to Jordan's relations with Syria — co-attendants in peace talks with Israel — Mr. Sharif said, "there may be difference in opinion" on the pace of the peace negotiations— particularly vis-a-vis multilateral talks on regional issues—"but we have so

King Hussein said in a recent inter- corps in the Kingdom.

view that he was confident that Symwould attend the multilateral talks cheduled to be held in Moscow Jan 28-29, despite us accurate to he would be futile to join such regota-28-29, despite its declared stand that

The philosophy that Jordan applies in relations with other Arab com-tries, Mr. Sharif said, is that "we are ng challenges that can be dealt with not on a national level" but on a pan-Arab level which requires intense er-Arab consultations and con-

"We are pushing in these chan-nets," added Mr. Sharif, who is also handling the foreign affairs portfolio in the absence of Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber, who is in Dahar attending the Islamic summit. Mr. Sharif, who quit as chief editor

of Jordan's Al Dustor Arabi language daily in October before be-coming minister of information, de-scribed Wednesday's meeting with the journalists as aimed at familiaris-ing himself with the foreign mea-counts in the Kingdom

U.S. media refocusing limelight

(Continued from page 1)

the living rooms of millions of viewers around the world, only briefly mentioned the event.

Arab delegations arrived in the American capital expecting to receive the kind of saturation media coverage they got in Madrid in October, when they met with Israel for the U.S.-Sovietsponsored Middle East peace conference. They also expected to score public relations points by appearing at the State Depart-ment at 10:00 a.m. Wednesday to demonstrate their willingness to talk, thus casting Israel as

To the dismay of the Arab delegations and the delight of the Israeli embassy, the State De-partment also did not make an me of the Israeli absence and refrained from strongly censuring Tel Aviv for its suub.

Almost as "bad" as the State Department's restraint, newspapers and television lost interest the peace process rather quickly. Arab delegates by the state of the U.S. economy, the release of the last American hostage, the rape trial of William Kennedy Smith and the forced resignation of John Summu as White House chief of staff, who is of Arab descent. "I can understand that the Israelis had not been in town and the talks have not really begun,

said Jordanian delegate and spokesman Marwan Muasher. "But still we expected more coverage on the issue, especially that it is historic and in the U.S. Many Arab delegates and journalists contend that the

media, which has many Israeli supporters in its ranks, purposely legated the event to save Israel from what promised to be a public relations nightmare if television cameras had been allowed to show the empty chairs of Israeli delegates at the negotiating table. The U.S. government, they say, also played a role in down-

playing the story by making only mild statements after Tel Aviv clearly snubbed the administration by not showing up on the U.S.-proposed date. Secretary Baker, who devoted nine months of efforts to bring the Arabs and Israelis to the table and was very much in the limelight in Madrid was conspicuously missing this week from the process leaving

AFRIVALS

the reins of intricate diplomacy to his aides.
"If President Bush or Secret-

ary Baker made statements about Israel's absence, then definitely there would have been more coverage by the U.S. media," one veteran Arab journalist said. "It is the case of the chicken and egg in the case of the administration and the media concerning who makes the

news," he added,
"But could you imagine if
Syria had not shown on Dec. 4 and Israel did... the media would have had a field day," the journalist said.

American journalists defeading their coverage of the event say that although interest in the talks is high among many in the Arab and Jewish communities, most average Americans are preoccupied with the faltering economy and the other kind of issues that "sell newspapers."

"Many Americans are focusing their attention on the conomy, and the peace talks were simply overtaken by events," said Boston Globe State Depart ment correspondent Mary Cut-tius. "The talks really did not begin... when they do next week and there is substance there will be more coverage," added Ms. Curtius, who covered and was based in the Middle East for

Supporting the argument that Americans are not interested in the process, a Washington Post report, based on 20 interview with Washingtonians, said most were vaguely aware of the talks and others did not even know they were being held in the U.S.

capital (see adjacent story). In a popular hamburger retaurant in Georgetown, customers were attentively watching the rape trial of William Kenne nith and when a patron was asked by the Jordan Times about his opinion on the Middle Esst peace process he said: "Of course I know they are taking place here in town and that Israel has not yet attended by you know it would much more isteresting if there was a bit of involved... such as somebody beating up the Isresh

A Pakistani taxidriver acknow ledged that the media were "dominated by the Jews." He quipped: "You think the Israelis occupy Palestine? You may be interested to know that they also occupy Washington."

Other Flights (Terminel 2)

<u>_</u>....

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220 /160 270 ± 230

Iraq settles in for winter of sanctions

BAGHDAD (R) - A defiant Iraq is settling in for a winter of United Nations sanctions, certain that time will crode international will behind the crippling trade

Baghdad, expecting sanctions to be extended after a periodic review this week and rejecting a U.N. oil-sale plan to fund food imports, is trying to dampen its people's hopes the embargo imposed after the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait will be eased.

"I had a dream that the sanctions will be lifted. I think it will be very soon," said 70-year-old Suleiman, whose two-year-old grandson goes without milk under the embargo.

The price of eggs in Baghdad's. well-stocked if costly markets fell by 25 per cent last week on rumours the Security Council would lift the sweeping sanctions gripping Iraq's poor.

Prices have gone back up again but Iragis cling to the belief that the world will not continue sanctions while Iraqi children were dying of hunger and disease.

We have been trying to prepare the people for the last few days. We do not want them to be surprised," an Iraqi official said in explaining recent government statements that it expected no favours from the Security Council.

U.N. officials have complained that Baghdad is not fully cooperating with its ceasefire mandate. to find and destroy weapons faci-. lities. The government's part in unrest is the Kurdish north also continues to worry the West. Iraqi officials and ordinary

citizens appear convinced that U.S. President George Bush, a. driving force behind the U.N. embargo, will be out of the White House before President Saddam's government loses its grip on

Iraq has rejected a U.N. plan

to sell oil under supervision to raise money for food and medicine, saying the scheme would strip Baghdad of its sovereignty and leave it with only enough money for a few months of sup-

"We would rather die than those lose our dignity," said Mrs. Suleiman, sitting outside U.N. beadquarters. She said her twoyear-old grandson was drinking water because only children under one were eligible for government rations of baby milk.

Powdered milk on the open market, the only reliable source, now costs between 75 and 80 dinars for five kilogrammes, half a month's wages for many Iraqis.

The price translates to up to \$8 at black market rates which have made a mockery of the official rate, which makes a dinar worth more than \$3.

The Security Council bans Iraqi exports and allows the import humanitarian supplies but Baghdad says the money it needs to pay for food and medicine is frozen in bank accounts around the world.

Britain last month agreed to release \$125 million in Iraqi funds after Baghdad freed businessman Ian Richter, jailed in 1986 for alleged bribery. Diplomats said Sweden has agreed to unfreeze assets to buy medicine but has not yet done so.

The situation on the outritional side and the health side is sliding downwards," said one Baghdad-based diplomat.

Diplomats said popular sup-

port for the government would remain so long as it continued a ration programme that provides about one third of people's basic

"The rationing is absolutely essential and the government is working extremely hard to keep it," one diplomat said.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

U.N. ballistic inspectors head for Iraq

BAHRAIN (R) - U.N. weapons inspectors headed for Baghdad Monday on a mission expected to include searches for concealed Scud missiles and ballistic materials. Team leader Colonel Vigar Aabrech declined to give details of his agenda before departing from Bahrain, the field headquarters for all U.N. teams mandated to find and destroy Iraq's weapons of mass destruction. U.N. officials say his inspection, the last scheduled for 1991, is likely to involve visits to undeclared ballistie missiles sites to search for any material which might have escaped the notice of previous teams. Another team of ballistic inspectors were due to return from Iraq Monday after a verifying whether Iraqi authorities had finished destroying the country's remaining declared Scud missile launch pads and superguns." U.N. officials said in October that after this task was complete, all Iraq's known ballistie missiles and launchers would have been eliminated. Western analysts believe there are discrepancies in the number of Scud missiles declared by Iraqi authorities and Baghdad may still have about 200 Scuds. Mr Aabrech, a Norwegian, said his 29-member team would spend 12 days in Iraq. His is the 24th team sent to the country to ensure Iraqi compliance with U.N. ceasefire resolutions.

GCC chief invited to Iran

BAHRAIN (R) - Iran has invited Abdullah Bishara, secretarygeneral of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) to visit Tehrain, the Bahrain-based Gulf News Agency (GNA) said Sunday, GNA said Iran's Deputy Foreign Minister Ali Mohammad Besharati delivered the invitation in Riyadh during a meeting with senior GCC officials. There were no further details. Ties between Iran and GCC members Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates have improved dramatically as a result of Iran's neutral stand during the Gulf crisis. The GCC backed Iraq with billions of dollars during its 1980-88 war with Iran. Iran's news agency (IRNA) said last week King Fahd of Saudi Arabia had renewed an invitation to President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani to visit the kingdom.

U.S. paratroops, Kuwaitis exercise

KUWAIT (R) - Hundreds of U.S. paratroops staged an assault training exercise with Kuwait Sunday, over nine months since Gulf allied troops ousted Iraqis from the emirate. At least one U.S. ranger was injured on the first day of the manocuvres which were almost cancelled because of strong winds. The Pentagon has said the five-day war games, the second joint training manoeuvres in Kuwait in a month, will include some 900 U.S. army, marine, navy and air force personnel. High winds marked the first day invloving seven C-141 planes carrying 550 U.S. airborne ranger light infantry soldiers. Details of the ranger's injuries were not immediately known, said U.S. Captain Douglas Wisnioski from the special operations command central. Two ambulances were seen heading towards landing areas.

Afghan leader yows not to seek more arms

KABUL (R) - Afghan President Najibullah said Sunday he would not seek weapons from other sources to fight Western-backed guerrillas after Moscow cut off supplies next month. He told a news conference that foreign interference in the country must cease and he renewed his call for a ceasefire to help to end the 13-year-old Afghan civil war. "Once these two conditions are fulfilled, Afghans can come to a speedy resolution of all their differences," he said. The United States and the Soviet Union are due to halt weapons supplies to the warring sides by Jan. 1 to promote a U.N. peace plan providing for a ceasefire and a transitional government leading to elections., Mr. Najibullah said Kabnl would not seek fresh sources of weapons. "The task is to reduce the arms in the country and not seek ways of bringing in new supplies," he said. He denied reports of heavy fighting between rival pro-government militia groups in the western Afghan city of Herat in the past week. Witnesses from the area had said militia groups fired at each other from tanks and armoured vehicles and regular army troops had also clashed with the militia groups. Mr. Najibullah said the reports were "totally wrong" and offered to take foreign reporters to Herat

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WEATHER

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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EMERGENCIES .. 661111

Fire Brigade..... Blood Bank Highway Police Traffic Police 896390 Public Security Depta Hotel Complaints Price Complaints Water and Ser Amman Manicipality

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HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 64236 664171/4

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Italian, Al-Muhajreen ... Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh . Army, Marka Queen Alin Hospital 775111/26 (09)90050u (09)986732 **FOR THE TRAVELLER**

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ART EXHIBITION - His Royal Highness Prince Talal Ben Mohammad and Princess Ghaida Talal various units including the information centre, the artist Jumana Al Hassein

computer library. The Prince and Princess had paid a visit to the Abdul Hamid Shoman Founda-tion (AHSF) and were briefed on the functions of its earlier opened at the AHSF's scientific and cultural

Camp refugees doubt Israeli peace intentions, back intifada

By Serene Halasa

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — As the eyes of the world focus on Tuesday's Arab-Israeli talks in Washington, many Palestinians in refugee camps in Jordan were Monday quietly, if not somberly celebrating the fourth anniversary of the "intifada" with scepticism over the possible fate of the Middle East peace process and whether it would produce an equitable solu-

There was a general consensas among those interviewed by the Jordan Times oo the eve of the intifada's fourth anniversary that the Israeli "wrangle" over the date of the secood round of talks has reemphasised an Israeli hardline position rejecting any withdrawal from Arab territories thus they felt the situation necessitated the continuation of the intifada as a form of armed struggle and of rejection by the people

living under occupation. Furthermore, many of those terviewed felt that the Israeli absence and the Arab delegation's sterile wait-in Washington. he continued Israeb hardline statements vowing never to return Arab land, the continued building of settlements, the weeklong imposed curfew in most Palestinian cities, and the meek transigence have all added up to the feeling of scepticism and

"There is a clear contradiction

between the need to step up the armed struggle and the oeed to find a peaceful solution to our problem," said Adham Adel, a government employee from the Baqaa refugee camp. "But you have to remember that our people under occupation are constantly suffering at the hands of the Israeb forces. This daily suffering elimaxed in the intifada that wantd never be sileoced unless there is a radical solution to

the Palestinian problem." "How can you talk about a peace process when the Palestinians are oot even allowed to have there own independent delegation and when we, Arabs, have to do things according to Israeli cooditions?" asked Abdul Latif Abdullah, a merchant io Baqaa. "The Israelis don't even ackoowledge that there is a Palestinian problem, so we bave to find new ways to deal with an enemy that doesn't acknowledge our right to exist," he added.

A taxi driver from the same refugee camp, Najeh Al Ayedi, said he believed that the ongoing peace efforts were fruitless because of Israeb stubborness and rigid stand. "Israel will oot give up Arab land easily and that is why I believe the intifada should continue until there is a final and honourable solution to the

A 28-year-old school teacher, Mahmoud Ahamd, reiterated the sense of mistrust and doubt looming over the peace talks and said

that the intifada should not stop until "every inch of Arab land is

"I am 100 per cent sure that the talks in Washington are not going to work," he told the Jordan Times. "Israel is not to be trusted because it might fall under international pressure now and show some concessions, but it will repeat its brutal occupation double fold in years to come," he added, explaining that the massive Soviet Jewish immigration was the most frightening aspect of future policymaking.

"My expectations are bleak," Mr. Adham said. "Israel's ambitious designs are much greater than we expect and they include the whole Arab World and not only the land of Palestine,"

Another 18-year-old student, Eyad Rajeh, did not show as much pessimism over the ontcome of the peace talks, maintained that the intifada was a "people's decision" oot a "one man's decisioo."

"I doo't think the intifada would continue if there was peace and Arab lands were returned, he said. "But it's hard to imagine peace by listening to Israel's hardline rhetoric.

Abu Kamai, an owner of a hardware store in Bagaa tonk the argument a step forward saying: thing everyone wanted to see in this region — and rights were recognised, then the intifada would have served its purpose."

Iranian parliamentary team meets Arabiyat, presents Tehran views on Mideast peace moves

AMMAN (J.T.) — A delegation representing the Iranian Shura Council (national assembly) arrived in Amman Monday on a visit and to hold talks with members of the Lower House of Parliament on issues of mutual concern to Jordan and Iran.

The delegaonn banded a message tn Lower House of Parliament speaker Abdul Latif Arabiyat containing the resolutions of an international conference beld in Tehran in October to voice support for the Palestinian penple in their struggle against

The conference, attended by Palestinian groups among other delegations from 60 countries, had rejected the Americanbrokered Middle East conference and called for armed struggle against Israel.

The message, addressed tn Dr. Arabiyat by Mahdi Karoubi, the Sbura Council's speaker, was delivered by the delegation members who extended an invitagion to Dr. Arabiavt to visit Tehran.

Dr. Arabiyat said the Islamic natinn was in dire need for soldiarity and close cooperation at this crucial stage tn counter threats from enemies of the Isla-

At the meeting, attended by Hnuse members, Dr. Arabiyat briefed the visitors on Jordan's endeavours to support the Palestinian people at all levels. Dr. Arabiyat thanked the de-

legatino for the message and

by the Lower Hause members. The head of the Iranian delegation called for increased cooperatinn among Islamic countries in all fields particularly under the present difficult circumstances facing the Islamic nation.

He said the visit aimed at promoting Jurdanian-Iraoian cultural, economic, commerical and political cooperation and to sound out Jordan's views with regard to the Tehran conference resolutions.

The Tehran conference called on Islamic and Arab countries to reject all conciliatory efforts which, it said, could lead to formal recognition of Israel.

The Iranian delegaonn's twoday visit covers talks with Jordaniao officials and tnurs of archaoelogical and religious sites in the Kingdom.

In a late development, members of the Iranian delegation were also received by Awqaf and Islamie Affairs Minister Izzedin Al Khatib who briefed them on Inrdan's efforts exerted to prevent attempts by Israel to Judaise the boly places in Jerusalem and the rest of the West Bank.

He said in the meeting, which was attended by Dr. Arabiyat, that Jordanian-Palestinian relations were distinguished.

"Since the start of the intifada, His Majesty King Hussein issued his directives to the ministry to allocate monthly salaries to the families of martyrs killed in the Palestioiao uprising agaiost promised that it will be examined Israeli occupation," be said.

Ministry prepares rural and municipal reforms

IRBID (Petra) - Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Mioister Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat affirmed Monday that the ministry is currently working on implementing His Majesty King Hussein's directives calling for supporting local municipal councils and developing their work through updating legislations and laws.

In a meeting with administra-tive governors and beads of mancipal and rural councils in Irbid governorate; Dr. Tubeishat said the ministry has started preparing draft laws and was studying proposals in this regard. The draft laws and proposals would be diswhich would be attended hy heads of municipal and rural councils for approval, he said. We hope that we can hold this conference within the few coming weeks," he added.

The minister called for cooperation between the councils to be able to reach the aspired goals. "With such cooperation a lot will be achieved for the local councils," he said.

Dr. Tubeishat said the ministry had prepared a complete study on problems facing the municipal and rural councils and had referred it to the Council of Ministers. The study, he said, included recommendations on ways to remove obstacles facing the councils and solve their problems. He called for revising the role of the joint councils and for acti-

vating them. He said the ministry intended to develop the efficiency of technical, administrative and financial cadres_at_the, local .cooocils

through holding courses and specialised seminars. The ministry, he continued, was currently studying the issue of reducing interest rates of the Cities and Villages Development Bank and was trying to find new financial resources for the bank

porting the councils' projects. The minister announced at the meeting that the ministry would distribute JD 1.5 million to the municipalities to help them pay

to enable it to contribute to sup-

back their debts. Irbid governor, who was also present at the meeting, briefed the minister on the demands and needs of the local councils.

He affirmed the importance of updating laws and called for increasing allocations for the coun-

smart buildings, value added net-

works and services, PC to PC

A spokesman for the French Embassy said that the partici-

pants exchanged expertise and

advanced ideas simed at promot-

ing telecommunication services

for the business sector as well as

for the public users within the

country and in relation with in-

communication, etc).

ternational networks.

for umbrellas. today --- By-a-Jordan-Times ··· Staff Reporter

Farming Cooperatives Federa-tioo (AFCF) came to a close here

Monday with a speech by His Royal Highness Crown Prince

Hassan, the Regent, urging closer

Arab cooperation among Arab

states in matters related to ensur-

ing food security for the Arab

In 1986, the Arab World's food

imports exceeded \$25 billion and

the amount is expected to triple

by the end of the present century,

the Regent said at the closing

He emphasised the importance

of information and expertise in

planning and implementing agri-

cultural projects and urged Arab

states to buy their needs of food

supplies in bulk if necessary in

order to cut down on the cost.

Weatherman

sees no need

AMMAN - A series of cold fronts accompanying the low depression that affected Jordan and the rest of the eastern Mediterra nean region Mooday have brought very scattered showers in the north of Jordan and strong winds and dust to all other parts of the country, according to the Department of Meteorology. Department official Jamal Al

Mousa said the depression, which has moved to the north east of Turkey, could bring some scattered showers and create shallow clouds in the northern regions Tuesday, but no rain was expected in other parts of the coun-

Tuesday and Wednesday were expected to be cloudy and cold with temperatures not exceeding 12 during the day dropping to five Celsius at night, Mr. Mousa noted in a statement to the Jor-

dan Times Monday evening. But be said rain was expected Wednesday night and Thursday largely due to the creation of a new low depression just south of Italy which would reach Cyprus by Wednesday. He said the new depression was expected to be accompanied by a number of cold fronts, bringing rain to the Kingdom and other parts of the eastern Mediterranean region.

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Monday speaks at the end of a three-day conference on farming cooperatives (Petra photo) Regent places high priority on Arab food security conference on farming coopera-tives, organised by the Arab them the importance of joint conference, which was attended

> The delegates discussed general federation policy and plans to promote agricultural cooperatives' work with special attention

> by delegates from 11 Arab coun-

tries, Prince Hassan had urged

Arab states to adopt modern

technology in farming and to

facilitate the exchange of agri-

cultural products among them-

to the occupied Arab lands. The Regent's address, which was delivered on his behalf by Agriculture Minister Fayez Khasawneb, urged the meeting to give due concern to issues facing Arab farmers and cooperatives as part of an overall effort to find solutions to the food security

problem of the Arah World.

At the end of the session, the

Regent received the heads of

bartering food products with nne another to avoid the problem of having to come up with hard currency to settle payments.

The participants also reveiwed matters related to surface water resources, strategic products like cereals and dairy products, meat cooking oil and other hasic com-

Arab action to meet the buma-

nitarian needs of the Iraqi people

Discussions at the meeting

emphasised the need for npening

for the free flow of agricultural

products in a drive to promote

economic integration in the Arab

The delegates stressed the im-

portance of Arab countries

the borders of the Arab countries

in the current wioter season.

Jardaneh to present **budget tomorrow**

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Isover JD 682 million. House of Parliament is to coovene Wednesday under the chairmanship of its speaker, Abbul Latif Arabiyat, to examine the Kingdom's 1992 fiscal hudget to be delivered by Figance Minister Basel Jardaneh.

A statement from Parliament Monday said that Dr. Arabiyat invited the deputies for the special session which will be attended by Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker and other

cabinet members. The 1992 draft budget was prepared by the outgoing govern-ment of Prime Minister Taher Masri and unveiled on Nov. 19.

The JD 1.278 billion draft budget has a deficit of JD 107 million — about 50 per cent reduction from 1991's budget de-

The budget will be examined by parliament during the current regular session before it can be endorsed by a Royal Decree: The main features of the budget include:

- Domestic revenues, including recovered loans, estimated at teurs.

-External committed grants estimated at JD 281 million. .. - Total current expenditure estimated at JD 940 million and capital expenditure at JD 338

- JD 45 millioo allocated for personnel and the armed

The cabinet statement indicated that GDP was expected to be around JD 2.8 billion.

The allocations in the new budget would create 6,300 new jobs in government departments and security forces as well as other public institutions.

In the Lower House's next bi-weekly session to be held Sunday, Dec. 15, the House will take a vote of confidence in the new government formed by Sharif

Zeid Ben Shaker. Another announcement by Dr. Arabiyat Monday said that House committees formed Sunday would hold a meeting Tuesday to elect chairman and rappor-

Consultants begin examining Jordan's educational system

British consultants working for the British Overseas Development Agency arrived in Amman Monday for a 20-day visit during which its members will examine the ongoing programme for averhauling the educational system in

instant

The process, which is in imple-

AMMAN (J.T.) — A team of by the 1987 educational conference in Jurdan involves training of teachers, introducing new curricula for schools and textbooks, evaluating school buildings and

> The British consultants will be meeting with the director general nf the Ministry of Education's Educational Centre, the director

educational facilities.

mentation of resolutions passed of technical educatioo, super-Agricultural seminar reviews protection

AMMAN (J.T.) — A seminar or; anised by the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture Monday ended a second day of discussions during which participants reviewed two working papers related to promoting food production and agri-

culture in the Near East region. One of the papers reviewed in the first session Monday dealt with means of combating agricultural pests which affect vegetables protected under plastic sheets. The paper also outlined the role FAO could play in helping to implement national programme in this concern.

The paper recommended boosting the work of agricultural extension services, emphasised the need for agricultural quarantine and stressed the importance of testing all imported seeds. It further encouraged information

from pests, diseases exebaoges among Near East countries and called for promoting projects in fighting pests.

The other paper, which was discussed in the second session Mnoday, dealt with diseases which could be transmitted to humans by animal like rabies and salmonella. The paper recommended imposing stricter controls over inter-state crossings by roving herds of cattle and sheep, improving bygiene services for animals, boosting the use of veterinary vaccination and other

The seminar is also discussing topics related to growing produce in hot bnuses, production of seeds used in the Near East region, crop diseases, combating

pests and other related matters. Delegates from 24 nations in the Near East region are taking part in the five-day conference, which opened in Amman Sunday.

SSC opens symposium tomorrow

AMMAN (Petra) - The Social Security Corporation (SSC) will organise a symposium Wednesday for its liaison officers on the implementation of the social security laws. The symposium aims to acquaint the participants with the law, define their duties and familiarise them with the legal, financial and administrative visors of schools and educationists to discuss a training programme for teachers.

Ministry of Education officials said that the group would be talking to teachers and instructors at a number of teacher training centres and would be examining new teaching methods followed by teachers undergoing training under the ministry's programme of upgrading qualifications of school teachers and teaching pro-

The Ministry of Education, in cooperation with the Ministry of Higher Education and Jordanian universities, is undertaking a programme for upgrading the standard of teachers in Jordan through three training centres in Amman, Irbid and Karak.

Teachers are being trained to improve their skills and exposed to new methods for teaching at schools as adopted by the 1987 conference with a view to raising the educatinoal standards in the

Seminar on communication techniques ends Thursday

AMMAN (J.T.) - A two-week seminar on new communicatioo services sponsored by the French Embassy in Jurdan is drawing to a close this week. A total of 19 participants from the Telecommunications Corporation (TCC), Jordan Television (JTV) and Yemen, Syria and Lebanon are taking part io the seminar organised in cooperation with the TCC training centre in Amman.

The semioar, which ends Thursday, entailed discussions and training session related to new aspects of television broadcasting and the latest developments in new data communication services that are mainly dedicated to the corporate sectors (andiotext, videoconferencing,

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from manthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

* Exhibition of scientific and technical books at the University of Jordan.

* Exhibition of paintings by a group of Iraqi artists at Alia Art Gallery. Art exhibition by Jumana Al Husseini at Abdul Hamid Shoman

Foundation Gallery. * Exhibition of paintings by Jalai Oreigat at the Phoenix Art

Gallery. Autique Christmas show of Julia Hanania at the Marriott

Art exhibition by Nadeera Muhsen and Halim Mahdi at Baladna Art Gallery, the Gardens Street.

★ Lecture entitled "Museums in Germany — the Propagation of Culture" by Nelly Lama at the Goethe Institute - 7 p.m.

The British Council

The British Council is seeking to recruit 1. A Registrar for the Language Centre, and

2. A typist/Registry cierk.

Candidates for both posts should be Jordanian, fluent in Arabic and English, spoken and written and have typing skills in both lan-

Familiarity with word processing and relevant professional experience are strong advan-

Details of both posts are available at our Reception desk.

If you are interested in either or both posts, please send a detailed C.V. and photo by 16 December to:

The Director The British Council P.O.Box 634 Amman, Jordan

WANTED PRIVATE ENTERPRISE OFFICER

The U.S. Agency for International Development has a vacancy in its office of trade, investment and production for a private enterprise officer.

The position is for a U.S. citizen, and the incumbent will be responsible for all phases of management for a series of private sector development projects, including technical support for strategy development, design of new activities and evaluation of ongoing or completed private sector development initiatives.

In executing these duties, the incumbent will interact regularly with top level government and business

Applicants should be American citizens residing in Jordan preferably with an advanced degree in a relevant field such as business administration, economics, finance and marketing; should have strong English writing and speaking skills and experience in

programme management. Applicant should submit a C.V. and a sample of his/her writing (in English) no later than December 22, 1991 to:

Personnel Office U.S. Agency for International Development P.Q.Box 354 Amman, Jordan

Jordan Times

Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED Director General:

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Editor-in-Chief:

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The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Iordan Times advertising department.

Soviet fallout could threaten peace prospects

THE WORLD has been watching with dismay and utter disbelief the Soviet Union squirm on its deathbed ever since Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev ascended to power. Not that the international community is supportive of the Communist order, rather because of a deep conviction that the world order requires a set of checks and balances that would be absent without another superpower sharing clout in the international arena with the U.S. Nonetheless, the sick Soviet Communist structure seems to have come to its end when the leaders of Russia, the Ukraine and Byelorussia signed its death certificate as a union in a ceremony Sunday that put the seal on the official breakup of the former giant. "We," the three leaders stated on the occasion, "the Republics of Byelorussia, the Russian Federation and Ukraine... note that the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics as a subject of international law and a geopolitical reality ceases its existence."

Even though historians would differ on the real causes behind the demise of the Soviet Union, history will recall that the collapse of that superpower occurred during the reign of Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev. The failed coup against Gorbachev earlier this year was the last desperate attempt to reverse the disintegration of that country. Political scientists may also conclude that the way the Soviet Union was structured and run was simply anathema to national aspiration and human yearnings for freedom and democratic rule. The old Soviet Union was a mosaic of nations that by and large had little in common in terms of culture and orientation. With the three breakaway republics constituting 70 per cent of the original Soviet population and enjoying commonality of interests unshared by other regions of the country, especially in the southern run of the union, the stage is set for the "Westernisation" of the new order in every sense of the word. It remains to be seen whether armed conflicts would break out between the various parts of the former union. The odds are in favour of such conflicts proliferating across the country, especially in the southern parts where there are already ample signs that territorial, ethnic and religious differences would continue to fuel mini wars if not outright major wars involving nuclear weapons as Gorbachev has projected.

What these dramatic yet ominous developments could mean for the Arab World is something that is still open for conjunctore. However, one things appears to be imminent even at this early stage: The breakup of the Soviet Union will necessarily lead to further expansion in Jewish immigration from various regions of that country to Israel. And everyone knows what substantial demographic changes in the Middle East would this influx mean with regards to the occupied Arab territories. That is why the Arabs must make every effort possible to abort Israeli plans to further colonise the West Bank, Gaza Strip and the Golan Heights before it is too late. As things stand now, the ongoing peace process appears to hold the only hope to accomplish that objective.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I daily Monday commemorated the advent of the fifth year of the Palestinian uprising (al intifada) with praise to the Palestinian people waging a revolt for freedom. Four long yeas of struggle waged by the old and young, men and women and all people of Palestine against repression and occupation have won the Palestinians the respect of the world, said the paper. Over the past four years, the Israelis tried every means at their disposal and all forms of oppression and terrorism in order to subdue the will of the Palestinian people and to stifle their voice, said the paper. Throughout the past four years, the Palestinians have been involved in a struggle for their freedom and an end to occupation of their land and have been confronting the Israelis troops with stones and offering numerous sacrifices for the sake of liberating their homeland, the paper continued. The Palestinian people's legendary steadfastness and resistance, underline the fact that the oppressed people aree determined to wrest their freedom and their rights by all possible means and at all costs, said the paper.

A columnist in Al Dustour criticised the government for deciding to treat all the government employees equally by offering each of them JD 10 as a cost of living allowance without differentiating between those who are worthy of this allowance and those who are no. Mohammad Doudieh said that no government employee has ever been dismissed for incompetence although everyone realises the fact that the public administration is incompetent requiring overhauling and drastic reform. The writer said it is hoped that the long-promised reform will come without any interference or influence from Parliament members who have been playing such game and mediating for the appointment of certain people in government offices. It is hope that Parliament members would not tamper with government plans to overhand the civil service system and would not impede the expected process, said the writer. Daoudieh said he had little hope of seeing administrative reform, should the present state of affairs persist and Parliament members pursue their old practice of interfering in government business. The writer said that he feared that administrative reform would meet the same fate of economic reform, educational reform and agricultural reform which have never seen the light yet.

Far-right assails Bush but seen as no threat to nomination

By Michael Posner Reuter

WASHINGTON -- Political experts say Republican Party rules give right-wingers who are mounting a challenge to President George Bush little chance of blocking his nomination for a second term.

Party sources say conservative Republican commentator Patrick Buchanan will announce on Tuesday an "America first" a campaign and will run in primaries against the president.

Mr. Buchanan, 53, a White House speech writer under Re-publican President Richard Nixon and Gerald Ford, is a highly visible conservative on television talk shows and espouser of rightwing causes in a syndicated newspaper column.

Mr. Bush, a self-described con-



right in 1988 with anti-abortion and no -new-taxes stands. But servative, successfully wooed the many turned against him after a

Democratic-controlled Congress permitting higher taxes.

Mr. Buchanan, echoing the six Democratie presidential contenders - who may soon be joined by New York Governor Mario Cuomo — says Mr Bush spends too much time on foreign affairs and is not minding the store at home, particularly the stagnant

Mr. Buchanan's campaign will start in New Hampshire, where voters go to the polls in February in the first of a series of state contests to name delegates to the Republican nominating convention in Houston next August.

His challenge follows the announcement by David Duke, a former Kn Klux Klan and American Nazi leader, on Wednesday that he will run against Mr. Bush in all Republican primaries except New Hampshire.

Gary Koops, a Republican Party spokesman, said he did not believe either challenge would

stand up. "It's a little hypothetical that either Duke or Buchanan will win delegates." he told Reuters. Under the nomination process

used by Republicans, the winner in most state primaries gets all the delegates. Only a few states have proportional representation where a challenger can get some delegates without winning a majority of votes.

Political experts say an even greater obstacle for a Republican challenger is to get his name formally before the nominating convention so delegates can vote for him.

To do this, a candidate must have the support of a majority of at least five of the 50 state delegations — a near impossibility against an incumbent president who is still well regarded in the

But experts say the prospect of a third-party assault on the president from Mr. Duke - Mr. Buchanan has not suggested any independent effort — does pose

serious problems for Mr. Bush. A right-wing, third-part effort could tap into disenchanted voters fed up with the Washington political establishment and deprive Mr. Bush of conservative

An independent challenge was launched in 1968 by segregationist former Alabama Governor George Wallace, who got nearly 10 million votes nationwide and won five deep southern states all states that Mr. Bush won easily in 1988.

Mr. Bush's reelection drive is named his top campaign staff on to ignore them and Thursday, with Commerce Mr. Viguerie said.

Secretary Robert Mosbacher as general chairman heading a group of trusted Republican operatives.

His formal declaration of candidacy will come in January. Mr. Bush, who has his hands full warding off Democratic charges that he has worsened economic problems through inaction, also is under fire from conservatives angry over the forced departure of White House Chief

of Staff John Sununu this week. Richard Viguerie, a prominent right wing fund-raiser, said Mr. Bush abandoned conservatives when he replaced Mr. Summer with Transportation Secretary Samuel Skinner, a shrewd political operator and former federal

"President Bush sent a mesjust getting off the ground. He sage to conservatives that he plans to ignore them and their issues."

"We had to make as complete

transformation of the army and

its doctrine... under a strong wind

of nationalistic and other internal

divisions, it was inevitable that

internal divisions would be felt

within the JNA too," Mr.

Kadijevie said in an interview in

the magazine Narodna Armija

Mr. Vasic and other commen-

tators say the army has no

strategy and has made many

wrong moves such as besieging

the eastern Croatian town of

Vukovar for three months

although it had little or no

European Community moni-

tors in Croatia went further,

accusing the army of destroying

villages and indiscriminately kill-

ing civilians. The army rejected

Despite outnumbering and out-

gunning Croatian forces, the

this month.

strategic value.

Yugoslav army faces deep divisions over strategy, experts say

By Timothy Heritage

BELGRADE - After five months of fighting in Croatia, the Yugoslav army faces deep divisions over strategy which threaten to tear it apart, Yugos-lav and Western military experts

They say hardliners who want to grab more Croatian land for the Republic of Serbia or a new Yugoslav state are waging a battle with generals who want a ceasefire and back attempts by the United Nations to send peacekeeping troops.

Army chiefs fear if fighting does not stop, the conflict will spread to the Republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina, risking the loss of vital military facilities there and plunging Yugoslavia into all-out "There are divisions in the

army. There are rogue elements, serious rogue elements," a Western diplomat said. Some of the Croatian and the Serbian and the JNA (army)

forces are not under the control of the centre," European Community envoy Lord Carrington said on a recent visit. A fierce assault on the Croatian port of Dubrovnik on Friday fed speculation that rifts are widening.

The army has ordered soldiers not to fire first and says it supports peace moves. It denied responsibility for the attack.

EC monitors in Croatia said the militray had expressed regret and would lannch an investigation, prompting suggestions that local commanders had carried out the attack without any order from army leaders in Belgrade.

Some army chiefs say the military has achieved its aims in Croatia, where it is backing Serbs who rose up against the republic's declaration of independence from Yngoslavia in June.

The war goals have been accomplished. The majority of. Serbs in the administrative part of Croatia are protected and now it is up to the political leaders to find a peaceful solution," Serbian Defence Minister Tomislav Simo-

to seize territory in Croatia and that the army has acted only to protect Serbs in the republic. Diplomats say the army has

control of about one third of

He and other army leaders say

they have no intention of trying

where Serbs are in the majority. But some local commanders appear to want to fight on. They are driven by memories of a massacre of Serbs, Jews and Gypsies in the Fascist state set up in

Croatia in World War II. "We will not let the Serbian people be led to the slaughterhouses again," said Zeljko Raznjatovic-Arkan, who commands Serbian volunteers in one part of eastern Croatia.

"If they (the Croats) do not realise that, we will have to go to Zagreb and completely defeat them militarily."

Some analysts say rifts are also growing between the army leadrship and Serbian President Slobodan Milosevie.

They say that although the army has long been dominated by Serbs, Mr. Milosevie wants to make it a purely Serbian force and draw Serbs in Bosnia into the conflict. The army opposes this. "The main strategie problem is

Bosnia because uncertain events there could harm the army more than anything else," said Milos Vasie, military commentator for the magazine Vreme.

"Bosnia is the key to the whole Yugoslav territory and Milosevic Croatia, including most areas has fallen out of step with the and Bosnia. Diplomats say the



Yugoslav Defence Minister General Veliko Kadijevie savs the army has undergone a transformation since fighting started. Few recruits remain from Slovenia, Croatia, Macedonia

and the army could break up if

fighting spread to Bosnia. The army which long defended communism in Yugoslavia has had to find itself a new identity

and change its tactics.

army shows no sign of being able to bring fighting to an end, even if already large numbers of men avoiding the draft would increase it wants to. "The Croats have the advan-

tage of being forced together and fending their homes. That's a big difference from the army, where many people have avoided the draft," Mr. Vasic said.

Cohesion, co-decision, competence — a guide to summit jargon

MAASTRICHT (R) Much of Security Policy. One section of the debate at the European Com- the treaty sets up new rules for munity summit on Monday and the 12 EC states to cooperate in Tuesday will be conducted in the foreign and security policy and

EC's obscure jargon. Here is a glossary of words and abbreviations which have taken for giving the European Parliaon special meanings during the ment more say in passing EC

community and areas in which its lishing the new powers.

Cobesion — Shorthand for

undertake joint actions. Co-decision — The term used

legislation. The proposed new Chapeau - The preamble to powers stop short of giving the the treaty, officially called the parliament rights equal to those common provisions. Sitting on of the EC governments. For that top of the whole treaty, it is reasons, Britain confusingly pre-therefore the "chapean," French fers to talk about the new "negafor "hat." This section of the tive asset procedure" (veto for treaty establishes a new Euro- short). Others speak simply of pean union, which covers the 189B, the treaty article estab-

CFSP - Common Foreign and transfers of resources from richer

parts of the community to poorer regions. Spain is threatening to block the treaty unless guarantees of a fairer share of EC resources are written into the text.

Competence — The term for policy areas in which the treaty gives the community the right to act. The proposed treaty introduces some new competences, for example public health and culture, and extends the EC's role in others, such as social policy.

Convergence - The process of bringing the performance of the 12 EC economies closer together. Moving to a single EC currency depends on at least seven countries passing the convergence

ECB — The European Central Bank, which will take over control of monetary policy when a single currency is established in the final stage of monetary union. The 12 national central bank governors, who will have to be independent from their governments, will each have a seat on the EC governing board.

EMI — The European Monetary Institute. This body will be set up on Jan. 1, 1994, at the start of the second, transitional stage of monetary union. Its duties will include monitoring the European monetary system and preparing the final stage of monetary union. It will then be replaced by the

Pillar - A section of the treaty. There are three pillars: the rules governing the European Community itself, Cooperation among the 12 EC states on Foreign Policy (CFSP) and cooperation on police and judicial affairs. QMV — Qualified Majority Voting, the voting system used by

the 12 EC governments as an alternative to unanimity. Each country has a number of votes determined by its size. Germany. Britain, France and Italy have 10 each, Spain eight, Belgium, Greece, Netherlands and Portugal five each, Denmark and Ireland three each and Luxembourg two. A qualified majority is 54 votes out of a total of 76.

Subsidiarity — The principle, enthusiastically backed by Britain and Germany, that the EC should act only when it would be more effective than the 12 national governments acting individually. This principle is written into the treaty explicitly for the first time.

Temple - A description of the

shape of the proposed treaty, because it is made up of pillars. Tree — The shape which some countries who favour more rapid integration wanted the treaty to have. A tree would have only one trunk, the European Community itself, without inter-governmental cooperation on foreign and security policy and judicial and police

Pearl Harbour attack marked end of U.S. isolation

By Deborah Zabarenko Reuter

WASHINGTON — The bombs that dropped on Pearl Harbour 50 years ago destroyed U.S. isolation along with U.S. battleships, and pushed the United States into its role as policeman of the world. In less than two hours on the

morning of Dec. 7, 1941, the United States changed from a nation that saw little stake in a faraway war to one geared to avenge the only attack on its territory by a modern foreign

The damage Japanese bombers did at Pearl Habour's battleship row — 2,403 U.S. personnel killed, 1,178 wounded, 320 aircraft destroyed or damaged, three battleships sunk, one capsized and five others damaged — was unequalled in U.S. history.

But the Japanese naval commander at the time accurately foretoid the U.S. response the bombing would unleash.

"I fear we have only awakened a sleeping giant," said Admiral Isoroku Yamamoto, "and filled him with a terrible resolve."

moments that become touchstones for American policy. according to Carol Gluck, a Columbia University expert on U.S.-Japanese relations.

There is no doubt that Pearl sidential fireside chat on Dec. 9, Harbour did propel the United States out of its isolation and it has not returned to it since and never will be able to," Mr. Gluck said in an interview.

Pearl Harbour changed the U.S. vision of itself almost overnight, and the very words "Pearl Harbour" became slang for the cunning sneak attack.

It "burned into the psyche of Americans a vow never again to be caught off guard," wrote Richard Halloran, a director of the Honoluln-based East-West Centre Research Institute.

President Franklin Roosevelt called it a "date that will live in infamy" in a six-minute address to Congress on the day after the attack, inspiring legislators to pass a declaration of war exactly 33 minutes later.

His speech took care to mention that the Japanese had also attacked China, Hong Kong. Malaya and the Philippines, a move to link U.S. fortunes to the international community.

It was a hard case to sell to the American people, many of whom im with a terrible resolve."

Were still recovering from the great depression and saw little use in becoming embroiled in an international conflict.

To do it, President Roosevelt used a proven publicity technique that he had developed, a pre-

There is no such thing as security for any nation - or any individual - in a world ruled by the principles of gangsterism." be told the nation in a radio broad-

"We have learned that our ocean-girt hemisphere is not immune from severe attack — that we cannot measure our safety in terms of miles on any map any more.

President Roosevelt went on to describe a collaboration between Japan and Nazi Germany to turn the world into "one gigantic battiefield" and he warned that all Americans would have to he ready for the fight.

Washington had been concerned about Japanese expansion into Asia throughout the 1930s. and imposed economie sanctions against Japan in August 1940. President Roosevelt readily

acknowledged that delaying U.S. entry into the war had allowed U.S. stockpiles grow, giving a strong base for wartime produc-

The all-out mobilisation for war that followed the attack lifted American capitalism out of the lingering depression, and simultaneously established the basic contours of the post-war state," wrote John Dower, a professor of

Japanese history at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

President Roosevelt stressed the villainous nature of the Axis powers and the U.S. responsibility to combat them in the same kind of language that has been used by other presidents to rally support for U.S. conflicts in Korea, Vietnam and the Gulf.

"Powerful and resonrceful gangsters have banded together to make war upon the whole human race, President Roosevelt said. Their challenge has now been flung at the United States of America. The Japanese have treacherously violated the long-standing peace between us.

We are now fighting to maintain our right to live among our world neighbours in freedom and common decency, without fear of assanit "

The fact that Japan attacked U.S. territory first was seen as a key factor in getting the United States into the war, argues historian Ronald Spector.

"In American popular memory... the United States is usually seen as being forced into war by the unexpected and dastardly deed of some malevolent foreign power," said Mr. Spector, professor of history at George Washington University.

LETTER

Trust the customer!

To the Editor:

From a marketer's point of view we still seem to be quite far from implementing the motto: "The consumer is always right even if he or she is wrong.

"Sold products can not be returned or exchanged" is a statement I have seen in many shops and typed on many receipts; this policy has several negative aspects which salespeople do not seem to know or purposefully neglect. This simple but critical statement indicates the short-sightedness of some sellers who still seem to implement the selling concept which aims at achieving profits through the volume of sales - an old philosophy which has been replaced by the modern marketing concept which aims at

achieving profits through gaining the satisfaction of consumers.

The implementation of the above mentioned, widely-spread statement indicates the extent to which sellers take advantage of their customers and neglect their rights. Trusting the customer is vital for one simple reason: to gain their long-term commitment and loyalty, especially in a competitive market such as the one in

I think that it is about time that we build a certain degree of awareness and confidence between our consumers and sellers and maybe then the statement will be dropped off our receipts, which will be to the benefit of both consumers and sellers.

> Rhonda Marwan Kamal P.O. Box 13118. Amman, Jordan.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferrably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon equest and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused

Le livre de notes — a message of love and peace

AMMAN - "Le livre de notes," a coloutful bouquet of poetry, music and songs, will be performed at the Royal Cultural Centre on Wednesday, Dec. 11, 1991. It rarms with multi-national colours and exotic aromas from around the globe... both pleasing and sad, pleading and hopeful... to deliver a message of goodwill, a message of peace and love, tolerance among the nations.

And for such an event, five

ladies with as varied a background as possible meet on the common ground of breaking the barriers of racism, war, intoler-ance, to reach an understanding among all men by tapping the spiritual in them... the fibre of their hearts!

In this performance, Mona Latif Ghattas, Egyptian by birth and creed, a poet and producer know living in Montreal, Canada, circumambulates the world. In small. erratic passages of poetry, she travels from country to country, from one civilisation to another and walks among the different people.

She is accompanied by songs and music from around the to world. She depute a she goes, to local scenes wherever she goes, sweeping through Germanic palaces, the coffee fields of Brazil, the African jungle, and on to Armenia, Moscow, Spain, France, Italy, Japan, Palestine and the Amerindians.

She floats around the pages of time, assuming the music and colour of the era, recreating atmospheres and places, from ancient Greece and the gods of Olympus to dancing queens in Germanic palaces, and from there moves on to the songs of at pain and death of Armenian folks. Gently, she evokes the pain and fight for survival of the many peoples of the world. And gently she ends with a note of love and

Her tender voice engulfs you in hlanket of warmth and emotion that transcends time and place. It reaches the depth of one's being. The variety of nations and nationalities fades beneath the singleness of man's universal na-

Mona Latif Ghattas has experienced, firsthand, the rejection that emigrating races face on arrival to the new land: the loneliness, the lack of acceptance, the

: a

100

Franco-Arah culture of (prenationalised) Egypt, daughter of an industrialist whose creativity and far-sightedoess contributed to his great success. This did not diminish his spiritual and artistic gifts (he painted and sculpted) nor his nationalistic love for Egypt. Mona was privileged to have a sophisticated upbringing that had no room for prejudices. Her father was her ideal. As a child, she stood reciting in front of the mirror the national speeches that he prepared for his

election to parliament. In spite of her living amoog the advantaged and the diplomatic circle, Mona focused on and worked among the poor of Charabeya. She felt at home among all sorts of people and that was at the root of her believe in universality, the inner man.

writing and reciting as if to pro-long the existence of that wonder-

Her book "Nicholas, fils du Nil" is an ode to her father, and to Egypt "When I left Egypt, I carried within me the pain of parting with it."

"Les chants du karawan," her

The karawan is the oriental singing bird. To Mona, "the orient of the heart" is that innermost part of one's being that bears all that is noble within the human being. It is through that orientation that beings of different cul-

Sbe speak also of the Nubians, who had to depart from their lands as they were engulfed by the rising waters. "They waited to the last moment before quitting. When the boat people refused to take along the dog of an old man, he chose to remain there and face the deluge." Mona relates: "I made a boat trip over the sunken Nubia, saw its houses beneath the waters of the Nile. It dishevelled my innermost feelings and I expressed it in a collection of fragments of poetry 'Quarante voiles

"Le double compte de l'exil" is another book that deals with two cultures. A refugee arriving in Montreal is hidden by an Amerindian. They both have found

Arabs confident of tackling substance

(Continued from page 1) three separate entrances to the negotiating rooms but separated inside into four rooms.

We went through the procedure as we cavisioned it. A member of the Jordanian delegation sat with the Palestinians in their room, and a delegate from the Palestinians sat with us," a Jordanian delegate told the Jordan Times.

Initial agreements between the Palestinians and Jordanians on the interestinate separation of delegations included an arrangement by which one Jordanian would sit in with Palestinian nego-tiators and vice-versa so that coordination would be maintained at all

Yet Jordanians and Palestinian desis legates have also indicated that that percentage is not exclusively binding and that it could change according to the subject of negotiations and its applicability to the interests of one side or another.

Although everything seemed in order on Dec. 4, the Israelis had not yet arrived in town and the rooms had not been inspected by their advance team and the arrangements, although agreed upon with the America were not yet finalised with the

On Sunday, the Israeli advance team, on an inspection tour of the rooms, noticed the extra room for the Palestinians and immediately obected to the separation between manded that they meet with Israeli negotiators as a joint delegation in Oue room.

Members of the Jordanian delegais lared in see this latest move by the lared see this latest move by the lared see a new "delaying tactic" and yet another effort to "strip the talks of substance," but they are confident that the Israeli-created obstacles can

Contacts to solve the problem of "separation" before the talks resume tomorrow have not succeeded, and the two sides are expected to tackle it early on tomorrow. "Eventually," an observer close to both Arabs and Israelis agreed, "it will be up to the Americans to decide, and the parties

will have to go along."

In her briefing to the press yesterday, State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler said there would only be one room available for the

Noint delegation.
"As far as the terms of reference, that is a joint delegation and they would be coming here in a joint delegation, and whatever the parties meeting workout between themselves is entirely their business," Ms. Tutwiler told reporters.

"It is one room," she insisted.
"We have not been asked to mediate on that issue," the spokeswoman said in the briefing, which was dominated by events in the Soviet Union.
"We are aware of the parties" views on that issue. Everyone agreed on the terms of reference and the reference

After the death of her father, she moved on into the world of

next book, dealt with all the suffering in the world. "The boatpeoples of Cambodia - from a thousand of them, only 10 arrived..." she explains "so I wrote the poem 'the red boats'."

tures meet and interact.

pour un exil'."

is a joint delegation. Once the parties are in the negotiating sites they can decide to discuss the weather, they can decide to discuss substance, it is all up to them."

Elyakim Rubinstein, who heads Israel's team to the talks, said the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation could break up into subcommit-tees to deal with different issues some relating to Palestinians and some to Jordanians. Israel also insists that even on the sub-committees that there be both Jordanian and Palestinian representation, albeit not equal.

An official reaction to Ms. Tutwil-

er's statement was not immediately available by either the Jordanian or Palestinian teams. However, a member of the Jordanian delegation indicated privately that a way to break the deadlock could be to hold separate meetings in the same room at different times with the Jordanians and the Palestinians.

The following is the list of the Israeli delegations to the talks in Washington.

Delegation to the talks with Syria: -Yosef Ben-Aharon, David Afek, Ekutiel Mor, Yigal Carmon, David Kornblut, Yosef Olmert, Avraham Lif and Benjamin Rubin. Delegation to the talks with Leba-

- Joseph Hadass, Uri Lubrani, David Sultan, Yehoyada Haim, Reuven Erlich, Alan Baker, Hovav Shapira, Yizhak Levanon, Yosef Huminer and Moshe Marti.

Delegation to the joint Jordanian /
Palestinian delegation:

— Elyakim Rubinstein, Eitao

— Elyakim Knbinstein, Eltao Beotsur, Zalman Shoval, Robby Sabel, Sallai Meridor, Dan Roth-schild, Eliahu Avidan, Yossi Gal, Amos Gilad, Nadav Anner, Arieh Zohar, Aviva Ben-Yesha, Nachman Tal and Dov Shefi Tal and Dov Shefi. George Hawatmeh, Nermeen Murad Ghadeer Taher contributed to

this story.

Shamir (Continued from page 1)

opposition to an overall split of the Jordanian-Palestinian negotiations, saying it could seriously

"harm" the peace process.
"It could endanger the talks. I don't think it will happen. There can be no disagreements here. There is a formal agreement between Israel and the United

States," he said. He said proposed self-rule for Palestinians under Israeli occupation would not mean Arah con-

trol over Jewish settlements. "The Jewish settlements will not be subject to any non-israeli anthority, nor will they be dependent on such an authority for anything," he said.

She was brought op in the difficulty in being accepted, in ranco-Arah culture of (pre-integrating. It is on that ground that they meet. When he is found an exiled, she packs her bags and lives in an Indian reservation. She is a reenactment of Mona herself who lived the rejection and rac-

ism in question. Her book "Les voix du jour et de la nuit" is a trip into the heart of Egypt, memories of faces and events, or "Sit el kul" the symbol

And finally, "La triste beaute du monde" is an amassing of 10 years of poetry written as a reaction to current events. "The songs of fear and survival" followed the Gulf war and the bloody events of Peking. "The songs of love and melancholy" follow. "The songs of genesis and the future" are based on a reaction to sculptor and contemporary musicians.

In her writing, be it novels or poetry, one can feel a continuous sense of nostalgia, a sense of the lost homeland. "No country remains the same as time passes. So everyone loses the country of his childhood. One feels sad that his children caonot experience the charm of past moments," Mona

In the stage performance, Mona recites her verses in French, while Natalie Choquette, a soprano eoloratura, Elise Boucher, alto, and Sylva Balassanian, pianist, perform relevant music and songs, wearing cos-tumes designed by Anne Rossig-

Natalie Choquette was born in Tokyo of Canadian parents. She made her musical studies in Moscow and then at the nniversity of Montreal. Her voice has a texture that can touch deep into

Elise Boucher de Gonzague was born in Quebec of Amerindian and French parents, their lineage goes back to Spain and Ireland; a family of musicians that enabled ber to study quite early in her life, singing, piano playing and dance. She is a distingoished author-composerperformer. She had made many presentations for radio and television. She held workshops on the performing arts in France. She took part in a jazz vocal quartet among other vocal ensembles that she joined. She arranged the vocalisations for a trio of two voices and a harp. She sang as soloist in works for "symphony, choir and soloists" which she interpreted in Switzerland, France and Canada. It was diffused internationally in all Fran copbone countries.

The warm texture of her voice and the accuracy of her tone allow her to manipulate and create a variety of musical atmos-

Both singers sing in 12 different

languages, among which is Ara-

Sylva Balassanian, a Lebanese Armenian, left for Paris early in her life and studied music at the École Normale de Musique de Paris. She was awarded the first prize of piano performance. She gave many recitals in houses of culture io Paris hefore emigrating to Canada. Her opening performance in North America was at the

United Nations in New York in 1987. Since then she has been teaching at the University of Quebec in Montreal. Her performing style on the piano bears the tones and accents of her Armenian origin. Her originality comes from the colours that she paints the miscellaneous works

Anne Rossignol was born in France but lived in Amerindian territories. She is a painter, decorator and costume designer. She taught courses at the University of Quebec. Montreal, and has dressed many acting celebrities in Quebec. Her style is marked by the purity of her lines and the mysticism in her artistic conception. She conceives her costumes and scene designs in driect relationship with the fluidity of movement on the scene. This is why one feels a sense of refinement and elegance around

the stage. Together, the ladies form a wonderful team. The multiplicity of their hackgrounds makes them open-minded and understanding. They see beauty in complexity and yet they seek that which is common to all men.

In the performance, Mona Latif Ghartas' warm voice, her fluid text and the music interpretation, manage to smoothen out of discrepancies among the nations, discrepancies created by events, like the Gulf war, where poets were torn and could not form an opinion.

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at 686945

Observations of a traveller in the U.S.

By Pascal B. Karmy

IN my previous article (Jordan Times, Oct. 14, 1991) general observations were made about some of the Arabs and Palestinian immigrants io the U.S. In addition, I have recorded in my diary some matters which normally draw the attention of a person who travels for the first time to the U.S., and particularly to California, which has the largest state population and is third largest in area in the U.S.

After visiting New York (Statue of Liberty, Empire State Building) we enjoyed staying in Staten Island which is a borough of New York, lying south-east of it. In Staten Island, with its streets lined oo both sides with green trees and its relatively quiet sea shore, a person smells a purer air and enjoys a relaxing and quieter life than the hubuh and pollution of New York strcets.

In California, the first thing which draws one's attention is the fact that all houses are made of wood, hoth inside and ontside. They are unlike the houses built in the suburbs of the Euronean cities or in the countryside ike, for instance, in Britain. France or Belgium. Moreover, the first (ground) floor of the houses is not protected at all hy iron bars fixed on the windows or by shutters or the like; there are only wide and high sliding window panes. It is thus fairly easy indeed for a thief to hreak the window panes, get in and steal, as very often happens.

The reason, however, for constructing wooden and not stone houses and installing only framed window panes is because of the occurrence of earthquakes. In the event of an earthquake the harm done by the falling wood is likely to be less than that done by stones and easier to remove later. It is also easier to hreak or more the sliding window panes and run out of the house than being faced with iron bars or with shutters. After long periods of time the houses need to be furnigated against woodworm. Fumigation is carried out by specialists.

Almost all the main cities and towns of California are of Spanish

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development of the secretarial (office management) program-

ongin (Sacramento, San Francis-co, Los Angeles, Pasadena, San Diego, Santa Barbara). It may be remembered that California was Spanish colony. In 1822 the inhabitants changed their alle-giance from Spain to the New Mexican Congress. Io 1846 the settlers revolted against Mexico and declared the independent Republic of California but a few mooths later and as a result of the Mexican-United States war, California was occupied by the U.S. forces and later admitted to the

In watching some of the American television channels I was struck by what I venture to describe as "religious charlatanism." A socalled preacher appears on the screen as a member of a certain church and walks in the studio with vigorous strides to the right and left while preaching about Christian religion or faith for about half an hour or so. Then he preten perform miracles. Indeed, immediately, two or three persons appear on the screen allegedly suffering from some kind of disease, then they fall on their backs while other persons behind them raise them up, and lo: the

preacher announces with glee

preacher tells the television viewers to put their hands on the television screen so that they will be healed of the diseases from which they suffer. Eventually the channel announces the telephone number of the preacher's church for the purpose of obtaining pamphlets or for cootributing to it. Hooestly, preachers on the

more like actors rather than Christian sedate preachers. Judaism or rather Zionism has deeply permeated through some U.S. Christian sects to the extent that very often their preachers sound to be delivering sermons on Judaism rather than oo the true and pure Christian faith. Another matter which attracts one's attention in southero California is the lack or non-accessihility of public transportation. If

television often appear to be

a person wants to go, for exam-ple, from Garden Grove to San Clemente or to Dina Point he can find no means of transportation to take him there. One has to have his own private car or to ask a friend or a relative to take him to his destination. That means old

that they are healed of their people who have no private car or disease. What appears to be more ludicrous is the fact that the at home all days. Taxis are of course available hut they are expensive. By contrast, in Europe, in a given area, means of transportatioo are more easily available or accessible. However, transportation between states is available either by train or by bus or by aeroplane.

Another observation is this. Salespeople in the shopping centres are very courteous, pleasant and patient with customers. Even more interesting is the fact that you can huy for example a suit or a tuxedo from a shopping ceotre and return it the following day or after some weeks, although you may have used it in the meantime, provided of course you produce the relevant receipt. Many people take advantage of this practice and even abuse it sometimes. Consequently, some shopping centres announce in advance to the shoppers that no return of goods will be accepted.

Pascal B. Karmy was a lawyer in Palestine up to the end of the Mandate in 1948 and legal adviser in UNRWA headquarters in Beirut and Vienna.



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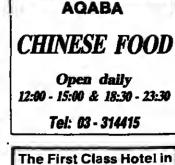
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Europeans worry about soccer World Cup fixture schedule

NEW YORK (R) — European teams began planning their 1994 World Cup campaigns Monday. many of them more worried about fitting games into their schedule than about the quality of their opponents.

Worst hit by Sunday's qualifying draw were third seeds Spain, who had the bad luck to land io the only seven-natioo groop, involving them in 12 games before the Nov. 17, 1993 deadline.

They have to meet Ireland, Deomark, Nortbern freland, Albania, Latvia and Lithuania twice each in their bunt for a top two group place to ensure their presence in the 1994 finals in the United States.

National trainer Vicente Meira was scratching his head sadly after the draw. "This seven-team group is going to be too long," he

"I can't see how we will be able to fit in all the matches. The Baltic countries can't play at all in the winter which makes it an even

bigger problem. Spain bave a 20-team first division, giving them a crowded league season already.

With the entry of the three Baltic countries, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, the admission of Israel into the European section and the World Cup debuts of the Faroe Islands and San Marino, Europe had a record 37 teams in

the qualifiers. As only 12 will reach the finals, the International Fnotball Federation (FIFA) introduced six and seveo team groups for the first time.

Second seeds England were another country not enamoured by the mammoth programme. Manager Grabam Taylor, whose side must play 10 matches against the Netherlands, Poland,

Norway, Turkey and San Marino,

said he did not know how the

fixture list could be managed. England have a 22-team first division iovolved in 42 matches as well as two major domestic cup competitions and the European

Clob Cups. "We've studied the programme and we can only see nine possible dates to play our matches as it ," Taylor said. "And if we have a bad winter, we will bave big

"With bad weather for four or five weeks, we would find it impossible to finish the program-

"ft won't be good for the players if we arrange matches late into the summer as they won't get a break. We could arrive in the United States with them playing

for 12 months continuously. "They have the equivalent of an intense cup match every three days. And there is the problem of the release of players. Already managers and coaches are laoghing at us when we ask for their

Faced with such a crowded schedule, many groups may well start playing their fixtures during the current season for the first

FIFA bas said group matches can be played from March 1 though they may not be held in June during the European Championship finals in Sweden.

Most major nations were relieved not to have Spain's prob-

lem of playing 12 matches. ftalian Federation President Antonio Mattarrese said if Italy had been drawn in a seveo-natioo groop they would bave reduced the size of their domestic league from 1g to 16 teams to solve the fixture problem.

Italy play Scotland, Portugal, Switzerland, Malta and Estonia in group 1.

Not everybody was unhappy, bowever. Freoch team boss Michel Platini, whose side is unbeaten in almost three years, was confident bis team would come safely through a group also comprising Austria, Sweden, Bulgar-

a. Finland and Israel. There are much tougher groups than ours," he said. "ftaly have a much harder group than we do and can't afford any mis-

"England and Spain are in difficult groups as well. But f think we should get through without too many problems. South American teams also

have larger groups than usual with Brazil facing eight matches against Uruguay, Ecuador, Bolivia and Venezuela.

The Brazilians, three times world champions and the only country never to have lost a

who play at Benfica Wednesday

in their Group B European Cup

tie, were given a hand by Tener-

ife goalkeeper Agustin Rodriguez

The score was 2-2 with only

eight minutes to play when Rod-

riguez weot off with a hand in-

jury. Barcelona stormed to the

attack and won with three more

goals past his replacement in six

But coach Johan Cruyff, wbo

bad wanted to avoid an energy-

sapping match before going to

Portugal, was disappointed by his

players who made hard work of

His former Dutch club, Ajax

Amsterdam, suffered their first

Vitesse Arnhem just before they

play Spain's Osasuna in the

In Germany, Borussia Dort-

mund returned to the top of the

Bundesliga for the first time in

A goal by Michael Lusch gave

Dortmund a 1-0 win at Werder

Bremen Friday, and coupled with

disappointing draws by previous

leaders Eintracht Frankfurt and

VFB Stuttgart, put them at the

top of a division they last won in

minutes.

their victory.

UEFA Cup.

nine years.

World Cup qualifier, have never before had to play more than six matches to reach the finals. But they should oot have too

much difficulty finishing in the top two and reaching the finals. Two nations not worrying about scheduling were world champions Germany and hosts the United States, who both receive automatic eotries into the 24-

team finals. Cups holders Germany wère Sunday made 11-2 favourites to win the 1994 World Cup following the qualifying draw in New York.

A Londoo bookmaker rated Argentina and Brazil as 8-1 joint second favourites, with Italy 9-1, and England, France and the Netherlands at 14-1.

The Faroe Islands were quoted at 10,000-1 while rank outsiders were Sao Tome and Principe, tiny islands off the west coast of Africa, at 20,000-1.

FIFA Saturday barred Yugoslavia from playing international matches, incloding World Cup qualifiers, on home soil while its nternal troubles continue.

FIFA's Executive Committee took the decision in New York on the eve of the draw for the qualifying rounds of the 1994 World Cup.

FIFA General Secretary Sepp Blatter said the European Foot-ball Union (UEFA) bad already ruled out European club and national matches in Yugoslavia because of the civil war and that the world body would extend the

Flu makes

Becker

doubtful

for Grand

Slam cup

ANTWERP, Belgium (R) — Boris Becker, struck down by a

fever, is doubtful for next week's

Grand Slam Cup after pulling out

of the final of the European

Community Tennis Cham-

The German was due to play

American Aaron Krickstein, but

failed to appear, "I am sick. I have the Fin and I have fever,"

Becker said at his hotel in

Asked whether be was going to

play in next week's \$6 million

Grand Slam Cup, the world num-ber three said: "At the moment I

couldn't play. I'm going to wait two days and see. If it's like now,

He was due to leave for

Munich later Sunday to see bis

own doctors and "maybe get

Becker's withdrawal gave

Krickstein, a wildcard entry, his

first tournament victory in two

I have no chance to play."

pionship.

some help."

Al Ramtha reaches Asian quarterfinals

soccer team has reached the quarterfinals of the Asian Cup Winners' Cup Championship after it tied with Oman's Zufar in a match

which was beld in Sulalah, Oman. Al Ramtha defeated Zufar 1-0 in the first of their two matches. held in Irbid on Oct. 28. Al Ramtha's goal was scored

by its striker Khalid Al Aqqouri in the 23rd minute of the match. In the 42nd minute Ramtha's goalkeeper Ahmad Abu Nasouh managed to save Al Ramtha's goal from a penalty kick by Omani striker Hilal Hamid.

Zufar's Ahmad Thabet was more successful than his colleague Hamid wheo he scored his team's only goal in the 86th mioute from a penalty kick.

Thereafter Al Ramtha continued the game with 10 players after Aqqouri was dismissed by the Saudi referee Abdullah Al Nasser. Bot the soccer remained unchanged and the match ended with a 1-1 tie, which was enough for Al Ramtha to qualify to the next round.

Io the quarterfinals. Al

AMMAN (J.T.) — Al Ramtha Ramtha will meet Iranian team Malvan on Dec. 20 in Tehran and oo Dec. 27 at home in Irbid. The exchange of the matches between Al Ramtha and Malvan will be the first of its kind at the level of local soccer teams.

Al Ramtha, which was the guest of bonour Sunday evening in a dinner banquet hosted by the Jordanian community in Sulalah. will return Tuesday morning to

Al Ramtha city resideots were preparing to give their team a iobilant welcome at the airport, the bead of Al Ramtha Supporters League, Alloush Dibajeb, told Al Ra'i Arabic daily Mon-Mr. Dibajeb called on the

Jordanian soccer fans to join the league at the airport "to welcome the beroes who added a new achievement to the records of the Jordanian sports activities."

Minister of Youth Saleh Irsbeidat late Sunday sent a cable to Al Ramtha sports delegation in Oman to congratulate them.

The minister wished the team more success io the future.

Matthaeus voted Player of the Year

NEW YORK (R) — Germany's captain Lothar Mattbaeus was voted world player of the year in the first official poll sanctioned by the foternational Football Federation (FIFA). The Inter Milan midfielder received 128 points in the poll of 63 national soccer trainers from all over the world. French striker Jean-Pierre Papin, who plays for Marseille, was second with 113 points and England marksman Gary Liocker of Tottenham Hotspur third on 40. The poll was organised by FIFA, the sportswear manufacturer Adidas and the Union of European Sports Magazines.

2 Peles meet for the first time

NEW YORK (R) - Pele, the World Cup's most coduring hero, met his Ghanaian namesake Abedi Pele for the first time Sunday

PARIS (R) — Two American-born players have failed dope tests this season in the French Basketball Championship, the French season and all proved negative.

French soccer club Brest folds

QUIMPER, France (R) - French second division soccer club Brest went into liquidation. A French court, issuing the order, ruled that all of the Western club's activities must cease immediately. Saturday's league match against Laval was cancelled. Brest, who have estimated debts of more than 150 million francs (\$25 million), were lying fourth in Group A of the French second division but faced compulsory relegation to the amateur third division at the end of the season. The club was founded in 1950 and played in the first division for nine seasons between 1981 and 199f when they were also compulsorily relegated because of their debts. "It may well be the death of professional football in

SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

at the qualifying draw for the 1994 finals. Pelc, who belped Brazil to a record three World Cup triumpbs, embraced the African player on the Madison Square Garden Stage only hours after arriving on concorde. Abedi bad played in his French clob Marseille's 0-0 draw at Metz Saturday night before making a trans-Atlantic dash to meet his idol. "He's not my son," quipped Pele senior as he joined him. Abedi took the name Pele when it was bestowed upon bim by a presidential decree in his native

Doping cases revealed in France

Basketball Federation (FFBB) said. Cecil Rucker, who plays for French champions Antibes, and Robert Carman, with Chalon-Sur-Saone, became the first players to return positive tests in French basketball. The pair face suspensions of up to three years. The FFBB gave no details of what banned products had been found in their urine samples nor when the tests took place. Over 240 dope tests were conducted in the French Championship last

our city," Brest's Manager Christian Le Garrec said.

AC Milan is absent from Europe but remains team to beat at home Spanish champions Barcelona.

LONDON (R) - AC Milan's European rivals may be excused a few sighs of relief that the Italian giants are banned from continental club soccer competitions this

While Italian champions Sampdoria, who play Panathinaikos of Greece in a Group A European Cup tie Wednesday, continue to under-perform at home, Milan are walking tall. Banned for one season by

UEFA for leaving the pitch before the end of their European Cop quarterfinal in Marseille last season, Milan have only domestic glory to play for.
"Milan were extraordinary —

very, very good," said club President Silvio Berlusconi Sunday afoutplayed UEFA Cup hopefuls Torino 2-0 at home. "Until (Rund) Gullit's opening goal, I saw the best soccer I've seeo all season."

"We've got to accept the difference between us and Milan," Torino's Belgian midfielder Enzo Scifo said later.

Scifo must now try and raise morale ahead of Wednesday's UEFA Cup tie in Turin against AEK Athens of Greece.

Potential European opponents must also be glad of Juventus's rare failure to qualify for Europe this season.

The second-placed Turin team. one poiot behind Milan, beat Internazionale 2-f in a match that left current Juventus and former Inter coach Giovanni Trapattoni well pleased.

Third placed Napoli, four points behind Milan, bad such an easy time beating Cagliari in their 4-0 home win that goalscorer and

& TANNAH HIRSCH

Both vuinerable. South deals,

BAST

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South West North East

1 NT Pass 2 ♠ Pass

2 ♦ Pass 2 NT Pass

3 NT Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Four of ♠

There's hardly a bridge player who doesn't know how the defenders signal encouragement or discouragement of partner's lead—a high card says, "I like it," a low card suggests casting around for more fertile fields. What is not as well known is that declarer can disrupt the opponents' attempt to commutate the opponents' attempt to commu-

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The bidding:
South West
1 NT Pass
2 \(\rightarrow Pass \)
3 NT Pass

defeoder Giovanni Francini said "I had more difficulty produc-

ing a urine sample for the routine dope test than I had scoring that

Sampdoria, who beat champions Red Star Belgrade 2-0 in . the first match of the new leaguestyle European Cup semifinals, had to make do with a 0-0 draw at Foggia and sank 12 points adrift of Milan in the bottom six in the

Red Star, who may prove jet-lagged after beating Colo Colo of Chile 3-0 in the World Club Championship in Tokyo Sunday, play a coofident Anderlecht of Belgium Thursday.

EUROPEAN SOCCER

The tie is in Hungary due to war in Yugoslavia.

Anderlecht, who were held to a 0-0 draw at home by Panathinaikos in their first semifinal match last month, beat Ghent 3-1 Friday but will be without Belgian international midfielder Marc Degryse, who has a thigh

While Trapattoni was celebrating the defeat of bis old team, there was no such joy for John Tosback in Spain.

The former Real Madrid coach took Real Sociedad to the club that sacked him last season but his team lost 4-1.

"We made complete fools of ourselves," Toshack said. Read Madrid now have 25 points out of 26 this season as they head for their UEFA tie

against Neuchatel Xamax of

Switzerland in Madrid Thursday.

held. Conversely, to try to tempt a

defender into persevering with the suit led, declarer spends a card high-

er than necessary. Here's how it

As a viable contract, three no trump is hardly an artistic triumph. The reason for the debacle is that North, with eight soft points and a flat hand, should not move over partner's no trump opening. With 17 points and a five-card suit, South's accordance of partner's in-

South's acceptance of partner's invitation was routine.

West's lead of a club inspired no

west sead of a cino inspired no fear in declarer. On the contrary, what would have been unwelcome was a heart shift before declarer's clubs had been set up. When East rose with the ace of clubs, had de-

clarer reflexively followed with the deuce the defender might well have decided a heart shift was attractive.

since West would have been market

with no more than five clubs and declarer with at least four.

Instead, South dropped the nine of clubs, concealing his two lower

clubs. Suddenly a club return looked much more attractive to East, because West could have held a six-

card suit. The six of chubs back allowed declarer to set up three club tricks, and 10 in all, before the de-

fenders discovered they had to mine the heart suit for the wherewithal to

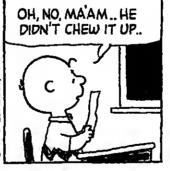
GOREN BRIDGE

DECLARER'S SIGNALS

Peanuts

YES, MA'AM .. I NEED TO EXPLAIN SOMETHING ABOUT MY REPORT ..







Andy Capp





HE'S BEEN BUSY TOO,

Mutt'n'Jeff



HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY DECEMBER 10, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good day to put in motion the course of action that appeals to you most. You can gain important headway and make career advancements without upsetting co-workers and associates who don't always agree.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) This is your day to find out just what your associates do expect of you and to do whatever is possible to go along with their standpoints.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)
You now have that interest in
getting your tasks done in such
fashion that all is more attractive and charming so be precise and add colour to your surroundings. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) There are many pleasures awaiting your acceptance if you act in a very cool, calm and considerate man

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You certainly have some desire now to make new arrange-ments at your residence but unless others who also dwell there concur

with attachment and congenial

friends.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) This is your time to really gain the good will of those usual associates who are looking to you for answers but want them to be given in kindly

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Whatever you would like to do

that does nece your assets is good so look at your property and see what will add to

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You want to reach out and to gain the good will of friends and others who attract and appeal to you but its necessary you do so by September 23 to October 23 to October 24 to October 25 to O entertaining them.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) You like secrets and mysteries and its a fine day for unsolding some course of action that car bring you the good will of some very important person. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to

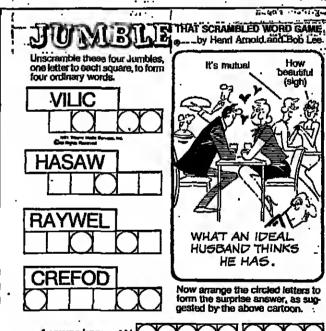
December 21) You now have it in your power to gain the advance ment that means a great deal to you through good friends and through many social contacts. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Whatever you would like to do that does require you go straight to a bigwig is very good and you can make considerable

progress in some civic venture. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Whatever you would like to do that does necessitate more openmindedness on your part is just great now so look about you and see new persons.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) How you can attend to personal and other responsibilities can be the pattern under which you advance most surely and swiftly in the

THE BETTER HALF, By Harris HARRIS CHIPS

"He's a lazy slug...but at least he's too tired to get into any mischief."



Answer here: AN ()

(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: OAKEN COUPE VIRILE AFRAID Answer: Jealousy starts with the arrival --- OF A RIVAL

THE Daily Crossword by Don Johnson

1 Word in a
Gardner title
5 Titieholder
10 Siender
14 Author Milne 15 Actress Anoul 16 Calabria cash
17 Hunting dog
20 Nevertheless
21 Bearing
22 Indigent
23 "Swedish
Nightingale"
24 Set of stacked
things
26 Silk fabric
29 Small softs
33 Nighols' bare 33 Nichols' her 34 Old Eng. poet 35 Family member

abbr. 36 Oriental woody 36 Oriental woot plants
40 Mine find
41 Claims
42 Sea eagle
43 Paeled
45 Neb. river
47 Ship part
48 Kind of stick
49 Book of maps
52 Foot part 13 Eng. quee 18 Throw off 19 Put into 49 Book of maps
52 Foot part
53 Thry bit
56 Jason's quest
60 Fork prong
61 Get up
62 Miles of movies
63 Soldier and
worker
64 Cleaner
65 Copycat

DOWN 1 Shrewd 2 Medicinel plant 3 — away (save) 4 Cease 5 Dog 8 Took on 7 Prayer word 8 Came upon 9 For each 10 Comes down frozen drops 11 Like some TV

peuse 48 Stupid 50 Lean

all..."
25 Tied
25 Starches
27 Cancel
28 Certain runner
29 — behold!
30 Siekel's pertner
31 "— we al?"
32 "We're off —
the wizard..." the wizard.
34 Welcome
37 Tex. town.
38 Small bites
39 Bevel out
44 Reflections 45 Like more 46 Temporary period 52 Legatue 53 Profound

— the time for

the opponents' attempt to commu-nicate with each other in exactly the same fashion with carefully selected falsecard "signals." Suppose, for example, declarer is trying to discourage the defenders from continuing a suit. The way to do that is by playing the lowest card



0.088

Ситевсу	Mass York, Class.	Takyo Close
	Dale 6/12/199t	Date 9/12/1991
Sterling Pound	1.8165	1.8075
Destsche Mark	1.5665	1.5740
Swiss Franc	1.3845	1.3893
French Franc	5.3575	5.3795
Japanese Yen	127.90	128.18
European Curreny Unit	1.2955	1.2890

Gold

Invocurrency Interest Ra				<i>9/12/</i> 1 99 1
Сигтевсу	t MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTH
U.S. Dollar	4.87	4.50	4.45	4.56
Sterling Pound	10.56	10.56	10.56	10.50
Deutsche Mark	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.37
Swiss Franc	8,00	7.93	7.87	7.75
French Franc	9.93	9.87	9.81	9.68
Japanese Yen	6.31	6.03	5.81	5.59
European Currency Unit	10.56	10.43	10.37	10.31
springs, bid rates for amounts one	eding U.S. D		_	
Precious Metals			Date:	9/12/1991

6.90

368.85

	Da	ce: 9/12/1991
Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6780	0.6800
Sterling Pound	1.2251	1.2312
Deutsche Mark	0.4307	0.4329
Swiss Franc	0.4885	0.4909
Frenck Franc	0.1259	0.1265
Japanese Yen ^a	0.5291	0.5317
Dutch Gulider	0.3818	0.3837
Swedish Kronn	0.1175	0.1181
Italian Lira*	0.0568	0.0571
Beigian Franc	042089	0.02099
Per 100 Other Currencies	De	te: 9/12/1991

Date	9/12/1991
Bid	Offer
1.7690	1,777
0,0769	0.0775
0.1805	0.1815
-	
0,1837	0.1846
0.2000	0.2170
- 1.7350	1.7440
0.1837	0.1846
0.3740	0.3800
1_4980	1.5150
	1.7690 0.0769 0.1805 0.1837 0.2000 1.7350 0.1837

Index	8/12/1991 Close	7/12/1991 Close
All-Share	127.50	126.82
Banking Sector	105.74	105.42
Insurance Sector	127.29	126.75
Ladustry Sector	159.57	158.47
Services Sector	144.86	143.15

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

One Sterling	1.8065/75
One U.S. dollar	1,1360/65
	1.5740/50
	1.7735/45
	1.3890/95
	32,40/44
	5.3800/50
	1191/1192
	128,10/20
	5.7660/771
	6.2020/70
	6 1215/65

One ounce of gold 370.00/50

:61

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

oil export terminal in northern Gulf

NICOSIA (R) — Iraq, still unable to export oil because of a world trade ban imposed over its invasion of Kuwait last year, is repairing a war-damaged terminal in the northern Gulf, an oil industry

newsletter reports.

Iraq's Oil Minister Usama Al Hiti said in Cairo Sunday his country could have the capacity to load over half a million barrels per day (b/d) of oil from its Mina Al Bakr terminal.

The Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) reported Iraq plans to get two of the terminal's four berths into working order and establish 300,000 b/d of export capacity within the next two months, rising to 700,000 b/d in four months

"MEES learns from reliable sources that the Iraqis are using the oil tanker Kirkuk as a base for a repair team working on the Mina Al Bakr terminal, the tanker being moored close to the terminal itself," the oil industry newsletter said.

Iraq bad refused to accept the terms of a U.N. plan for limited crude oil exports to pay for the imports of essential commodities,

claiming it was restrictive. The deep-water Mina Al Bakr terminal, which had a 1.6 million b/d capacity when it was con-structed in late 1970s, sustained damage during the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq war and had been repaired to handle 800,000 b/d before Iraq's 1990 invasioo of Kowait.

aged by the allied forces during the Gulf war. MEES said two of the other four berths were "too badly damaged to merit any restoration effort at this stage."

The oil industry newsletter said Iraq's plans to export crude from Mina Al Bakr was still theoretical at this stage as the U.N. had to approve the terminal as an export outlet and some parts needed to make it operable have to be imported and fall under the trade

Iraq was willing to negotiate with a U.N. team a new set of rules for crude exports pushed crude oil prices 35 cents to \$20.04 a barrel for January at New York Mercantile Exchange.
The Nicosia-based oil industry

Last Friday press reports that

newsletter said Iraq was testing production levels of 1.15 million b/d — 800,000 b/d from the northern fields and 350,000 b/d from the south - reinjecting the excess not required for the domestic refineries.

Mr. Hiti said his country could of crude oil once the U.N. embar-

MEES added that in the near future Iraq could have around 1.6 million b/d production capacity and the country will be capable of exporting — if political dearance is given — 800,000-900,000 b/d through Turkey and another 300,000 b/d from the Mina Al Bakr terminal.

Court orders freeze on **Kevin Maxwell assets**

LONDON (R) — A court ordered a worldwide freeze on the personal assets of the late Rohert Maxwell's son Kevin Monday at the request of accountants seeking money missing from pension funds in the dead tycoon's media empire.

Kevin Maxwell and his brother Ian were also ordered to surrender their passports while they provide any information they can to help trace pension fund assets. Maxwell died mysteriously at

His death was the prelude to a spectacular collapse this month of the Maxwell business empire under debts worth up to \$5 hil-Accountants have subsequent-

sea on Nov. 5. .

ly estimated that assets worth more than \$700 million are missing from pension funds of Maxwell's Mirror Groop Newspapers and his Maxwell Communication Corporation.

Investigators speculate that he to prop up bis crumbling empire executives.

as creditors elosed in. Kevin and Ian were directors of Bishopsgate Investment Management, a private firm controlled by Mr. Maxwell which managed

several of the pension funds.

The High Coort Sunday gave London accountant Neil Cooper worldwide powers to trace pension assets as provisional liquidator of Bishopsgate.

'We have obtained orders on bebalf of the provisional liquidators, some against Kevin and some against lan," said a spokesman for the provisional liquida-

"Those against Kevin are more stringent because it appears he is the one most closely involved in running Bishopsgate," he added. sons to provide information to help trace pension fund assets

within seven days. The fraud squad is also investigating the collapse of Maxwell's empire and police are inquiring into allegations by the Mirror that sipboned off the pension money he wiretapped some of his top

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

TOKYO -- Stocks closed lower in the thinnest estimated volume this year. Arbitrage selling croded prices. Concern over events in the Soviet Union helped push investors to the sidelines. The Nikkei average finished down 92.18 points to 22,352.88.

FRANKFURT — German shares eoded a lethargic session little changed. The 30-share DAX index edged O.87 point higher to 1,559.05.

PARIS -- A cloud of winter depression brought another lower close to a morose Paris Bourse. Few buyers were in evidence and operators focussed on negative factors which were already largely known. The CAC-40 index shed 22.35 points to 1,663.37.

LONDON -- Shares closed higher as a late FTSE futures rally helped the market shrug off economic and political worries. The 100-share Financial Times-Stock Exchange index finished up 20.9

NEW YORK -- U.S. blue-chip stocks were firm at midday, trading in a tight range on moderate volume. The Dow Jones industrial average was up 1.79 points at 2,888.19.

Iraq said repairing | Gulf Arab economist criticises economic achievements of GCC

eration Council (GCC) Sunday, saying it had achieved minimum possible cooperation between member states.

He called on the alliance to draw up a model of planned economic integration which would achieve a common market and diversify sources of income. He also said it should consider bringing Yemeo into its fold.

Dr. Ahbas Al Mijreo, a Kuwaiti economic academic, said the GCC's efforts to diversify economies from dependence on one source of income, oil, bad had "very poor results after all these decades.

He accused the organisation... which will hold a summit on Dec. 23 in Knwait, of concentrating o political matters, giving secondary importance to economic issues.

The political and security aim

one since it was formed and until this moment," Dr. Mijren told the second day of a three-day seminar oo future ecocomie cooperation and security in the GCC.

He said the GCC appeared satisfied with concentrating on liberalising inter-state trade and coordinating economic activities, giving priority to local develop-

"In my opinion, that represents the minimum level of regional economic cooperation and it is a level which does not match the size of dangers and challenges ahead of us," be said.

Dr. Mijren referred to a 1992 European single market, Far East plans for economic integration in addition to U.S. economic and

"Searching for alternative

luxury which can wait for four more decades because the economic lifespan of oil as a source of energy may be much less than that period," he said. When the GCC, which groups

Bahram, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates, was formed 10 years ago, Yemen's political conditions did not justify including it in the grouping, Dr. Mijren said.

"We now hold the chance to solve our chronic problems which include food self-sufficiency, economic and military security and that is by extending cooperation bridges with Yemen," be said.

"If Saudi Arabia is the natural geographic extension of the other Gulf states, then Yemen is the human depth to those states,"

Dr. Mijren added.

'Moving it (Yemen) to the GCC would be a daring step to transfer the organisation from a Gulf cooperation to an Arabian Peninsula council. It will add power to the GCC rather than take power away from it," be pointed out.

Abdullah Al Maajil, a Saudi Arabian industrialist, said GCC states needed to integrate their economies but had to overcome fears that unified economic policies would affect competition in

domestic markets. Varying tariffs on imports be-tween GCC countries made it difficult to draw up a uniform tariff policy. Some GCC projects aimed at foreign markets instead of the regional one, loosening the aim of a common market.

He also said GCC foreign labour preferences put restraints

Scholar attributes deforestation, Third World suffering to repayment of debt

export more than one million b/d | OSLO (R) — Rich nations are waging warfare against poor nations by demanding high levels of debt payments, a U.S. doctor told a seminar of former Nobel peace prize winners Sunday.

"Poor majorities in the debtor countries are forced to sacrifice their standards of living and sometimes their lives to pay back loans form which they never benefited," said Dr. Susan George of the Transnational Institute. an international think-tank based in Amsterdam.

"Debt must be understood as... disguised but literal warfare

waged against the South. Deforestation, a major contributor to global warming, is directly linked to the debt crisis," she told a threeday seminar of 18 former peace prize winners in Oslo.

Poor countries were "cashing in" their natural resources, including forests, in a desperate attempt to earn hard currency and repay their staggering debt. Dr. George said figures from the United Nations. Children's

Fund (UNICEF) showed that half a million children die each year as a direct result of the debt crisis. Norwegian Prime Minister Gro

Harlem Brundtland, prevented from attending by a cold, also called for extended coopertion between the North and the South to help protect the environment and improve living standards.

There is no way that we can win the battle to save our global environment unless we mount a full-scale, committed offensive against world poverty and under-development," she said in an address which was read by a government official.

'We need a new partnership between North and South," said Ms. Brundtland, who chaired a

World Commission on Environment and Development.

Talking about how to limit the so-called greenhouse gases, which many scientists believe are increasing world temperatures, Ms. Brundtland called for trans-

national efforts to curb emissions. We would reach effective resuits more quickly and at less costs than through national measures alone. The most-cost-effective projects are likely to be found in eastern Europe and in developing countries," Ms.

Russian Central Bank chief sees Soviet model of Federal Reserve

MOSCOW (R) — Russian Central Bank head Georgy Matyukhin has said that Soviet republics were trying to set up a banking system similar to the U.S. Federal Reserve, allowing each member significant decision-

making power. "We are trying to create some-thing like that, but the situation is not easy because of this cuphoria for independence (by repub-

lics)," he said in an interview. Leading Soviet economic would like to see an economic union, which would include a coordinated banking system but some republics want to distance themselves as much as possible from centralised institutions.

"Necessity will compel us to work together," Mr. Matyukhin said, adding that Russia, the big-gest republic by far, would not seek to dominate the new banking uoion.

"We agreed to have less than 50 per cent of the voting power, but we want to have some veto rights," he said. The Russian bank chief said

the new system was being worked out at a series of meetings of repoblican central hank govemors.

The U.S. Federal Reserve system controls monetary policy through a policy-making board of governors based in Washington and a network of district reserve banks and branch offices.

The board supervises the budget and operations of the decentralised reserve banks, which perform day-to-day functions such as issuing and have a say in

WASHINGTON (R) - Bounti-

ful crops will be needed next year

to build up world grain reserves

and meet the needs of leading

consuming nations such as the

Soviet Union, U.S. Agriculture

Department (USDA) economists

"Over the last few years the

world has been dipping into grain

stocks to meet its needs," Frank Gomme, a marketing specialist, told the annual USDA Agricultu-

Lower grain harvests in the

United States and the Soviet re-

publics in 1991 have cut into grain

reserves this year.

The Agriculture Department's

latest estimate says the world will

have 319 million tonnes of grains

in reserve by the end of the year,

down from 337.34 million tonnes

The stockpile of grains has

failen to the lowest levels since

the mid 1980s at a time when demand is rising, especially in

ral Outlook Conference

have said.

Economists stress need.

to build up world reserves

Union.

for large grain crops

setting interest rates. Mr. Matyukhin said the Soviet

equivalent should come into existence soon because in January the Soviet state bank Gosbank would cease to exist. The Russian Central Bank is due to take over the functions of Gosbank in Rus-

Asked about the future of the Soviet bank for foreign ecocomic affairs (Vneshekonombank), Mr. Matyukhio said it would continue to carry out its foreign debt ser-

"We bope all those banks which are abroad will also belong to the republics," he said in reference to Vnesbekonomhank's foreign subsidiaries. Voeshekonombank was due to

be registered by the Russian Central Bank as a commercial bank by Dec. 15, according to a Russian parliament resolution. But Mr. Matyukhin said this deadline was likely to be pushed

hack, possibly until Janoary, while republics: examine the bank's operations. The bank chief also said that Ukraine's economy would be crippled if it replaced the battered Soviet rouble with its own

"If they do this they will immediately paralyse their economy. We will immediately stop all payments to them," be told Reuters in an interview.

Ukraine, which voted overwhelmingly for independence from Moscow last week, plans to start replacing rouhles next year, first with special coupons, then with a separate currency.

eastern Europe and the Soviet

Soviet grain production this

year is expected to drop by

almost 30 per cent from last

year's near record crop of 235 million tonnes, and U.S. produc-

tion is estimated to be down 10

per cent to 277.64 million tonnes.

Craig Jagger, an economist with the USDA's Agricultural

Stabilization and Conservation

Service, said American wheat

producers in 1991 harvested the

second smallest crop since 1978.

supplies," be said, pegging year-end U.S. wheat stocks at 514

million busbels, the second

Year-end stocks are critical

since they act as a bridge to fill

domestic and export needs ontil

newly harvested grains become

available. Also, the reserves help

to make up for seasons of low

lowest since 1971.

production.

"We are headed for very tight

Mr. Matyukhin warned that

Russia woold be forced to respond to the planned Ukrainian move and protect its economy from a possible flood of worthless roubles ditched by former Soviet He said he opposed introduc-

ing a new Russian currency, but said the bank was considering alternatives, including a scheme to add distinctive markings to Russian roubles and a system of cheques to reduce the amount of banknotes in circulation.

stop supplying roubles to Ukraine and bring to a halt trade between the two heavily inter-dependent republics.

"I am not sure if our enterprises will agree to take grivnas," Mr. Matyukhin said io reference to the currency used in Ukraine 1,000 years ago and now poised for a come-back. "We shall take counter-

measures if they introduce their own currency without consulting us," he said. "The only way is to stop our payments transactions. Who will suffer more? Ukraine or Russia? I suppose Ukraine."

Asked about future exchange rates for the Soviet rouble, the Russian bank chief said he believed there should be three rates which should eventually converge.

Russian Deputy Prime Minister Yegor Gaidar said last week that Russia would abandon the curtent system of two fixed rates set by the state bank and a flexible rate for tourists and Soviet citizens travelling abroad.

Mr. Matyukhin said there

foreign trade reflecting the purchasing-power of the rouble, or the extent to which it can buy goods and services. At a time of soaring inflation in

the Soviet Union, the rouble would be sure to drop sharply from its current commercial rate of about 1.7 to the dollar, economists say. The second rate should be a

financial rate based on the relative value of assets such as propcrtv and shares desir Western investors. "We have made assessments of

property to be privatised," Mr. Matyukhin said.

As this rate fluctuates, international investors might alter their portfolios as they do in the West where flows of capital are often determined by interest rate differentials.

Mr. Matyukhin said there might also be another free rate determined by the shadow economy. "We shall try to get all the rates to cooverge," he said. The central bank chief also

warned of the consequences of sweeping price liberalisation, proposed by Russian President Boris Yeltsin. He said there was not enough cash to meet demand at a time of rising prices, salaries and welfare payments.

Mr. Gaidar said Thursday that be was against any delay in implementing the price reform. He denied that salaries or hank accounts would be frozen, hut said there could be some restrictions on cash availability.

Adorable cream / 3-month old lively male puppy needs good home, preferably with garden or exercise space. NOT a guard dog. Remember a dog is for life, not just for Christmas!

Tel.: 841311

Open Panel For The Public

THE AMERICAN-ARAB ANTI-DISCRIMINATION COM-MITTEE is holding an open panel led by Dr. Albert Mukhiber and Dr. Mahmoud Altaher on December 11, 1991 at 7:00 o'clock at Regency Hotel.

Interested guests are cordially invited to participate in this free event.

Duty Free Car For Sale

Mercedez 230-E with AC, model 1986, colour - white, excellent condition.

Sealed bids may be addressed to Admin. Officer, Embassy of Pakistan, Jabal Al Weibdeh, Amman and should reach not later than 17th December, 1991.

For inspection of the car please contact the Embassy at telephone numbers 622787 and 624680 between 8:09 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. (except Friday and Saturday).

Tel: 677420 PHILADELP CONCORD Doish Lundgren Stripped To Kill DARK ANGEL Shows: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m. rws: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m Tel: 625155 RAINBOY Nabii Al Mashini Theatre The theatre will be closed from Dec. 9, 1991 to Jan. NEW KIDS 2. 1992. Shows of "SOMERSAULT TIME" Shows: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m. will resume Thursday, Jan. 2, 1992.

Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

Slavic leaders: USSR has ceased to exist

Yeltsin, Gorbachev hold crucial meeting on political future

MOSCOW (AP) — Russian President Boris Yeltsin met Monday in the Kremlin with Mikhail Gorbachev to brief him on the new Slavic Commonwealth and said there might be a role in it for the Soviet president.

Republic leaders rushed to Moscow Monday to assess the country's balance of power the morning after announcement of the new "commonwealth uf independent states" that appeared to take most of them by surprise. The agreement said Minsk, in Byelorussia, would become the new capital of the common-

wealth, replacing Moscow. Kazakhstan President Nursultan Nazarbayev, who attended the meeting, said be believed Mr. Gorbachev "still bas not exhausted his opportunities" as a leader. He said Mr. Yeltsin agreed to let republics' legislatures consider the commonwealth plan "in parallel" with Mr. Gorbachev's union treaty, apparently as a compromise tu Mr. Nazarbayev and Mr. Gorbachev.

The flurry of activity in the Kremlin followed Sunday's declaration by Yeltsin, Ukrainian President Leonid Kraychuk and Byelorussian leader Stanislay creation of an accord between

LONDON (R) - Ukraine wants

to form a collective security

group with other unclear repub-

lics from the disintegrating Soviet

Union and eliminate all nuclear

weapons, a Ukrainian official said Sunday.

Vladimir Grinyuv, deputy

chairman of the Ukrainian parlia-

ment, said in an interview that

Ukraine might propose that

"what's called the Soviet Union

now" should get rid of all nuclear

About 20 per cent of the Soviet

Union's nuclear weapons are lo-

cated in Ukraine, he said.

pleads not

tax evasion

MANILA (R) — Former Philippine first lady Imelda Marcos,

brimming with cunfidence,

pleaded not guilty Monday to tax

evasion, saying government pro-

secutors were "wasting their

time, she pleaded "nut guilty" to

each of seven tax evasion charges

read out by a clerk in the court-

house packed with reporters and

Asked after the 30-minute

arraignment if she was afraid of

going to jail, Mrs. Marcos told

reporters: "There is no place in

the Philippines that will be jail for

divine justice," the once powerful

widow of the late dictator Ferdi-

fore Judge Tomas Tadeo along

with her only son, Ferdinand Jr.

who is charged with two counts of

tax evasion. He pleaded not

pay income and estate taxes of 5.7 billion pesos (\$205 million)

and her son with evading taxes of

Chief Prusecutor Anrelio

Trampe said be would ask for the

maximum five years jail for each

of the seven charges against Mrs.

Judge Tadeo set the next hear-

She faces, theoretically, more

than 400 years in jail if convicted

on all 80 criminal and civil counts

filed against her by President

Corazon Aquino's government.

blue scarf and cintching a rosary,

she was mobbed by dozens of

supporters untside the court-house in the Manila suburb of Quezon City.

chanted, and occasionally "Imelda for president," as placards

proclaimed "Imelda, woman of

turned to the Philippines on Nov. 4 after nearly six years exile in the

She and her busband were

ousted in a popular revolt in 1986, accused of stealing of bil-

lions dollars from the heavily-

indebted country they ruled for

The 62-year-old widow re-

dignity, not guilty."

United States.

17. 7. 6. - 4.

'Imelda, Imelda,'' tbey

Dressed in white with a red and

ing for Dec. 16, but her lawyer

said Mrs. Marcos would waive

17,004 pesos (\$630).

her right to attend.

She is charged with failing to

Mrs. Marcos is being tried be-

nand Marcos said.

"I am not afraid. I believe in

With a shake of her head each

Marcos

guilty to

charges

weapons in five ur six years.

ion bas "ceased to exist" politically and that they were creating a new "commonwealth" open to all former republics.

Mr. Nazarbayev, wbose resource-rich republic is a powerful pillar of the current union, was briefed along with Mr. Gor-bachev by Mr. Yeltsin for 80 minutes about the common-

The commonwealth pact makes no mention of any role for the beleaguered Gorbachev, possibly putting the final nail in the coffin uf his once-omnipotent Kremlin government and bis proposed union treaty to rebuild the country as a loose confederation of sovereign states.

Mr. Nazarbayev emphasised that whatever structure emerged, the leaders must be careful not to ignite civil nnrest and added that they agreed on the need for radical reforms to forestall economic

"We shouldn't use pressure tactics or blackmail. We should stop frightening people that civil war and bloodshed will begin," Mr. Nazarbayev said.

Mr. Nazarbayev also urged

Leaders of Russia, Ukraine

and Byelorussia said Sunday they

were creating a commonwealth of

independent states and Mr. Grinyov noted that Kazakhstan

the three members that a decision

should be made on how long the

presently-called Soviet Union

should be a nuclear power," Mr.

Grinyov said through an inter-

"We will also appeal to the rest

of the world to set up a special

foundation to abolish and li-

quidate nuclear weapons in the

a border war nearly 30 years ago,

look set to thaw with a fence-

mending visit by Chinese Premier

Li Peng to New Delhi this

Mr. Li will be the first Chinese

prime minister to visit India since

Mr. Li's five-day visit starts Wednesday and could lead to the

reopening of majur consulates

and resumption of border trade.

world's two most populous countries was suspended and consu-

lates in Bombay and Shanghai

closed when the border war

Peking's ambassador to India,

Cheng Ruisheng, expressed de-

light Saturday that the giant neighbours shared the common

view that economic development

was the top priority for develop-

ing nations, and human rights

China has been sharply criti-

cised for human rights abuses

after its 1989 military crackdown

India is under scrutiny for

alleged buman rights violations in Pakistan.

on pro-democracy protesters.

Border trade between the

Chou Enlai in 1960.

erupted in 1962.

followed.

"Ukraine is going to propose to

also had nuclear weapons.

Ukraine seeks nuclear arms

Russia, Byelorussia, Ukraine and Kazakhstan to keep centralised control over the nuclear weapons on their territory and ensure their safe dismantling. The four are home to most of the Soviet nuclear arsenal.

Russia, Byelornssia and Ukraine comprise nearly threefourths of the Soviet Union's nearly 290 million people and possess most of its economic strength. They make up the country's traditional Slavic heartland.

The Kazakh leader ruled out for now any union by the five predominantly Muslim Soviet republics to counterbalance the powerful Slavic Commonwealth, saying he believed a "union of sovereign states" as proposed by Mr. Gorbachev might still be

But Mr. Nazarbayev emphasised: "I am a pragmatist and a realist, and I will look at the situation." It was a clear indication that he too may withdraw his support for the union treaty and deprive Mr. Gorbachev's of his

last powerful ally. Both Mr. Nazarbayev and Mr. Gorbachev spokesman Andrei Grachev said Gorbachev might continue to have a role to play in

Ukrainian President Leonid

Kravbuk has said Ukraine, with a

population of more than 50 mil-

tion, has no nuclear power ambi-

tions and has assured NATO

Secretary-General Manfred

Mr. Grinyov was visiting Bri-

tain at the head of a high-po-

wered delegation, the first from

Ukraine since the republic voted

a week ago for independence

The delegation of government

officials, bankers and business-

men aims to establish trading,

commercial and banking links.

by a separatist movement, and in

Punjab where it is fighting Sikh

Relations began to improve

with the visit of the late Indian

Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi to

working group was set up to

Diplomats said the complexity

of the border issue, the most

divisive, meant it would take time

India says China occupies

38,000 square kilometres of its

territory in Aksai Chin, on its

northwestern border. China says

India's northeastern state Aru-

nachal Pradesh covers 90,000

square kilometres uf Chinese

Last May the two sides held

working-level talks at which they

made headway in discussing the

India is concerned about the

flow of Chinese arms into neigh-

bouring Burma, whose military government New Delhi opposes.

is also worried about alleged

Chinese sales of short-range missiles to India's old adversary

border dispute.

China in December 1988 when a

discuss the border issue.

abolition

Woerner of this.

from Moscow.

China, India set to thaw

PEKING (R) - Relations be- its northern Muslim-majority

tween China and India, icy since Kashmir and Jammu state, riven

separatists.

relations after 30 years

any future alliance. Mr. Grachev told Soviet journalists that Mr. Yeltsin raised the possibility of "having the post of president" among the commonwealth's lead-

Mr. Nazarbayev said that, "at this difficult moment, Gorbachev still bas not exhausted his opportunities. That's my personal opin-

Mr. Nazarbayev said he found out about the agreement by tele-phone from Mr. Yeltsin unly upon arriving at Moscow's VIP airport late Sunday. Mr. Gorbachev bad nu advance knowledge, either, and was not even informed until after Yeltsin telephoned President George Bush

The White House had nu immediate comment about the mat-

The presidents of Azerbaijan and Tadzhikistan briefly attended the meeting with Mr. Gorbachev, according to the Soviet News Agency, (TASS). But a full meeting of the State Council, the body temporarily running the Soviet government, was canceled without explanation.

Moldova

president

amid ethnic

MOSCOW (R) - Mircea Snegur

has been elected president of the

Republic of Muldova by more

than 98 per cent of voters after an

election marred by ethnic strife.
In the run-up to polling Mr.

Saegur, who ran unopposed for

the presidency, had accused

Soviet military units of occupying

several areas of the republic and

of distributing weapons to Russian extremists. The Soviet Armed Forces denied the charge.

Figures from the republic's

election commission, quoted by

the independent news agency In-

terfax Monday, gave Mr. Snegur

98.2 per cent of the vote in

Sunday's poll. Turnout, despite

boycotts by ethnic Russians and

Turkic Gagauz, was put at 82 per

Mr. Snegur's government,

which proclaimed the southwest-

ern republic's independence last

August, has promised to move decisively to overhaul the eco-

nomy, strengthen worker disci-

pline and tackle vexing ethnic

But scattered violence at the

weekend, including armed

blockades by minority Russians

of some polling stations, under-

scored the difficulties ahead for

the tiny republic, where many tie

their future to that of neighbour-

Moldova, which has a popula-tion of 4.3 million, is mostly made

up of Romanian lands incorpo-

rated into the Soviet Union in

ing Romania.

elects

strife

Vance leaves Yugoslavia saying no peace force until ceasefire

BELGRADE (R) — United Nations envoy Cyrns Vance left Yngoslavia, Munday after a week-long visit in which be decided no peacekeeping force could be sent to the country for the time being because of continued fighting in Croatia.

Airport sources said Mr. Vance flew out before dawn. He was heading for New York to present his findings to U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

The U.N. chief in turn must make his recommendations on a peace furce tu the Security Council. But even before leaving Beigrade, Mr. Vance said a peace

force could not be contemplated while the warring sides continued to break the latest ceasefire. "The terms of the Geneva agreement have not been fully implemented so far, so deploy-

ment of a peacekeeping opera-tion cannot be envisaged," he told reporters Sunday. The Geneva pact brokered by Mr. Vance two weeks ago between breakaway Croatia, Serbia and the Yngoslav Federal Army called for a solid ceasefire and the

lifting of the Croatian blockade of federal army barracks in the re-But the fighting in Croatia, pitting the republie's furces against the army and Serbian

rebels, continued throughout Mr. Vance's visit. Each side accused the other of violating the cease-

Heavy fighting was reported Sunday around the towns of Lipik, Novska and Nova Gradiska east of the Croatian capital Zagreb, and the frontline east Croatian town of Osijek came under renewed bombardment.

There were no immediate re-ports of fresh fighting Monday. Mr. Vance, a former U.S. Secretary of State, said he would make a fresh appeal for complete observance of the ceasefire. "The shooting and the shelling and the killing must stop," be said. He came to Yugoslavia to

assess prospects of sending in a U.N. force following the Geneva accord, the 14th truce since the fighting erupted in June after Croatia declared independence and its Serbian population re-

During his stay, Mr. Vance conferred with Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic, Croatian President Franjo Tudjman and Federal Defence Minister Veljko Kadijevic. He also visited Osijek and the central republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina.

Despite saying that no U.N. force should be deployed in Yugoslavia for now, Mr. Vance hailed as "major step forward" an accord between Croatia and federal forces at the weekend on terms for evacuating blockaded servicemen from the Zagreh

Mr. Vance has cited the failure of Croatian forces to stop blockading army barracks despite agreement to do so in a string of ceasefire accords as one reason for the continued fighting.

He said he had basically agreed with all the warring sides on a plan for deploying peackeeping troops if a ceasefire could be made to stick.

But, reflecting obstacles this plan could face, the assembly of the self-styled Serbian antonomous province of Krajina in western croatia ruled Sunday encourage more EC states to line that peacekeepers could not be up behind Bonn.

stationed on its territory. Serbs in Croatia insist the U.N. peacekeeping force should separate the warring sides along the present front lines. But Croatia wants the force to be stationed along the republics' pre-conflict

The Serbs and the army hold most of Croatia's Serb-populated

A European Community peace conference, grouping leaders of the six Yugoslav republics under the chairmanship of Britain's Lord Carrington, resumes in the Hague Monday but officials said Mr. Vance would not attend. A diplomat said little of subst-

ance was expected to come out of the talks, officially described as an informal stock-taking exercise. Serbia, the only republic formaily to have rejected the EC's plan to transform Yugoslavia into a loose free trade association, once again appeared to hold the

key to progress at the negotiations, diplomats said. A ruling Saturday by the conference's Arbitration Commission that the federal state of Yngoslavia was legaly "in the process of dissolution" puts fresh pressure on Serbia, which is fight-

ng to preserve the federation. EC foreign ministers meet on Dec. 16 to consider whether to recognise Croatia and Slovenia. which also declared independ-

ence in June. Germany has promised to recognise the two before Christmas md is urging its EC partners to follow suit.

Diplomats said continued Serbian resistance to the EC blueprint for a new Yugoslavia would

17 killed in Soweto after Zulu rally

JOHANNESBURG (R) -Seventeen people have been killed in South Africa's Soweto black township in political faction fighting which erupted after a political rally of the Znlu-based Inkatha Freedom Party, police said Monday.

A spokesman said nine blacks were found slanghtered in a house opposite a unigrant workers' hostel in the Dobsonville district of the vast township. All had been shot.

Eight more people were killed in gun battles and hand-to-hand clashes after the Inkatha rally Sunday at which Zuln chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi threatened to boycott all-party talks later this month on forging a post-apartheid constitution.

were three separate incidents in to carry "cultural weapons" which three people were killed spears, clubs and stabbing sticks and two injured," police spokes—to the political rally at the man Tienie Halgryn said. The township's Jabulani Stadium.

the evening, he added.

Inkatha supporters and those of Nelson Mandela's African National Congress (ANC) are involved in a bloody war for political supremacy in Transvaal and Natal province townships which has claimed nearly 4,000 lives since August last year.

A Sept. 14 peace accord signed by the warring parties and other political, movements, including the white government, has failed to halt the carnage at grass-roots level, despite tentative leadership moves towards reconciliation.

Each side blames the other for the bioodshed which remains the greatest obstacle to a post-apartheid political settlement.

Soweto residents feared a bloody weekend because Inkatha "Straight after the rally, there supporters were given permission

The Dobsonville Hostel is an Inkatha stronghold and has been the scene of many bitter clashes between inmates, many of them Zulu migrants, and township resi-

Dr. Buthelezi told the rally he would stay away from all-party talks on Dec. 20 and 21 unless organisers agreed to his demand for three separate Zuln delega-

Inkatha will represent Dr. Buthelezi's power base at the talks, where the white government and anti-apartheid movements will for the first time get down to discussing practical details of a new constitution.

But Dr. Buthelezi would like to expand his influence over the landmark conference with delegations being accepted from the Kwazulu homeland, of which he is political leader, and from the Zulu royal house, of which he is a

Hong Kong's Liberals win by-election

HONG KONG (R) — Hong Kong's pro-democracy Liberals won a Legislative Council byelection Sunday to take another seat in the British colony's increasingly rebellious partiament.

Sunday's victory in the rural New Territories West constituency brings to 17 the number of seats held by Liberals and their allies in the 60-member council.

first direct elections in The New Territories West scat

became vacant after the incumbent, a local barrister, resigned over allegations he had forged his law degree.

Zachary Wong, a candidate backed by the Liberal United They swept 16 of the 18 directly Democrats of Hong Kong, won

contested seats in the colony's 37 per cent of the votes in a low 27.4 per cent turnout.

In addition to 18 councillors chosen by direct election, 21 are elected by professional groups, such as lawyers and bankers.

Of the remaining 21 seats, four go to Hong Kong government officials and the rest are handpicked by London-appointed governor Sir David Wilson.

Smith defence witness says he heard no screams

already said be heard no sounds. nedy. of struggle un the night Mr. Smith is accused of raping a 30-year-old

perts over the weekend, Mr. Smith's defence team put Stephen Barry on the stand for the final few moments of a rare Sunday afternoon trial session. Mr. Barry, whom the jury is likely to regard as a credible

witness because he is an assistant district attorney in New York. resumes giving evidence as the trial enters its second week. He has already testified that he heard no screams in his second-

story bedroom at the Kennedy compound at Palm Beach when he was a guest at the Easter The alleged victim, whose

name has not been released, said she screamed while trying to fight off Mr. Smith, 31, when he raped her in the early hours of March 30. The defence says they had in a Palm Beach bar.

agreed to have sex after they met For seven straight days jurors witness.

WEST PALM BEACH, Florida have heard dramatic testimony (R) — William Kennedy Smith's including evidence from the sob-lawyers resume questioning Mon-bing woman and Mr. Smith's day of a family friend who has uncle, Senator Edward Ken-

They have also heard more mundane statements from expert witnesses called by lawyers for After laying the groundwork both sides who have discussed for their case with forensic ex- everything from the strength of everything from the strength of the alleged victims's bra fabric to the acoustic properties of the Kennedy home.

> During the week, the prosecution wrapped up its case, and Mr. Smith's attorneys called five scientific experts to testify, paying a total of \$22,000 for their services. But criminal lawyers say scien-

tific and forensic testimony about grains of sand or scraps of grass will be less important to the jurors than the accounts of the people involved - especially as much of the forensic testimony so far has been inconclusive, with each side presenting its own inter-

"Members of the jury tend to rely more on visceral witnesses than on scientific experts when deciding guilt or innocence in n case," commented Lawyer F. Lee Bailey. Stephen Barry.was such a

BANGKOK (R) - Amnesty International says it has the names uf 200 people arbitrarily arrested by Burma's junta in the first seven mouths of this year as part of a concerted campaign tu des-

troy opposition. The London-based human rights group said it had a list of 1,500 people arrested for political reasons since the junta seized power in 1988.

"The organisation believes this may be only a proportion of the total number of pobtical prison-

ers detained," Annesty said in a report released Tuesday. The Nobel Peace Prize will be awarded in Oslo Tuesday to Burma's most prominent political detainee, Aung San Suu Kyi. The husband and sons of the detained opposition leader will accept it on

her behalf. Aung San Suu Kvi has been under house arrest since July 1989 for outspoken attacks on

Her National League for Democracy (NLD) went on to win the May 1990 general election by a landshide but the generals have refused to hand over power and arrested most of the rest of its leaders.

"The ruling military council continues to step up its effors to crush the non-violent opposition, passing new laws aimed at climinating from political life people who won seats in last year's democratic elections," the Amnesty report said.

those detained this year were sentenced to 25 years in prison." often on charges of high treason. after trials that Amnesty International suspects were blatantly un-

"The vague and sweeping pro-visions of the military's decrees have led to people being accused of treason simply for advocating a peaceful transfer of power, or accused uf assisting armed opposition groups when in fact they weren't ndvocating vio-

Many of those arrested this year included elected members of parliaments, members of supporters of other political parties, student activists and Buddhist monks, the report said.

They were often arrested simply for criticising the junta, distri-buting leaflets, putting up pic-tures of national heroes at festivals, or flying a political flag at the same height as the national banner, the report said.

The military seized power by crushing a nationwide movement for democracy in 1988, killing thousands of people. In Oslo, 9 former Nobel Peace

Prize winners called Monday for world economic sanctions against Burma's military rulers to force them to switch to democracy and release Ms. Aung San Sun Kyi.
"Burma today is a totalitarian state. The military rules by force

and terror. Not even a semblance

of respect for political and civil rights exists," the nine said in a statement at the end of n threeday Nobel seminar in Oslo.

The appeal was issued on the eve of an award ceremony which Ms. Aung San Suu Kyi cannot attend because she is under house arrest in Rangoon. "Sanctions on trade with, and

investment in. Burma should be imposed," the prize winners said, accusing the Burmese govern-ment of massive human rights abuses including torture, involvement in the drug trade and letting juveniles be sold into prostitu-

Their appeal also called for a ban on arms sales to Burma and a halt to all economic assistance programmes. Sanctions should be imposed until power was transferred to democratically elected rep-

The laureates were later due to hand a letter congratulating Ms. Aung San Suu Kyi, 46, to her British husband and their two sons when they arrived for Tuesday's award ceremony.

Ms. Aung San Sun Kyi, who has been held under house arrest in Rangoon since July 1989, won this year's prize for a peaceful struggle for democracy against what the awarding Nobel Committee called "a regime characterised by brutality."

Burma's military leaders say she can leave the country only if she renounces politics and never destroyed in a few years."

Amnesty lists 200 arbitrary arrests in Burma returns, despite appeals from many foreign nations for an unconditional release.

The nine laureates, including former West German Chancellor Willy Brandt, South African Archbishop Desmond Tutu and Tibet's spiritual leader the Dalai ama, also sent a letter to the Burmese junta, addressed to General Saw Maung.

"As the lack of human rights and democracy in your country has caused much suffering and distress, we urge you to enter into dialogue with those leaders you have detained and so take a step in bringing peace to your trou-bled land," the letter read.

"Eighty uf the elected NLD candidates were imprisoned and three have died in detention. Many others are in hiding or exile," the statement from the nine Nobel Jaureates said.

The statement charged that the country's leadership was involved in the opium trade and that it countenances the sale intu forced prostitution in Thailand of tens of thousands of Burmese juveniles, may be 12 years of age and under."

The Nobel Prize winners also said Burma's military leaders were permitting the wholesale cutting of thousands of square miles of ancient forests of teak. "At this rate, Burma's vast teak forests — containing 80 per cent of the world's teak — will be booty — food. Soviet News Agency (TASS) said one grand robbed one startled shopper of sausage after firing a warms crimes were on the rise in Sam with scarce stocks of potatoes and vegetables frequent target Now criminals have switched by hreaking into cafes, numery schools and public storage facilities, hunting for food," it mid Prisoner freed

Take the sausage

MOSCOW (R) — Criminals

the Russian city of Samura and

spurning cash for more valuable

and run

because he couldn't stand the food AUCKLAND (R) — A New Zealand prisoner has had his

sentence quashed because he could not stand the food in jair. the Sunday Star weekly reported The Auckland court of appeal quashed the 15-month term of Chung after his wife said prison fare was affecting his health, the weekly said. His wife told appeal court judges in a written affidavit Mr. Chung's health had been affected "simply because he is not accustomed to the European food which is standard fare." He had been in the jail hospital with diarrhoea, stomach cramp and wind because he reacted strongly against the food. He was eating only boiled rice, the court was told. Mr. Chung, 34, had been found guilty of two charges of receiving 14 stolen cartons of steak and frozen seafood.

Actress wins Tibet's first beauty pageant

LHASA, Tibet (R) — A 27-year-

old Tibetan actress overcame freezing cold and the giddy heights of the Himalayas to b crowned Miss Tibet in the Chinese-ruled region's first bearty contest Saturday night. Bai Ji, a member of the Tibetan son and dance troupe, won the best overall score out of 21 contestants dressed in traditional, jewel aden costumes, some of them intique reflecting Tibet's ancient Buddhist culture. Ten foreign udges sat on the 30-strong panel but Chinese authorities dropped plans to allow in a large group of foreign reporters to cover the pageant. Journalists have mostly n harred from Tibet martial law was clamped on the regional capital, Lhasa, during pro-independence demonstrations crushed by police in March, 1989. Martial law was lifted a year later but visitors say security remains tight. Bai It's victory in Lhasa's Holiday Ian Hotel was witnessed however by a tour group of 120 foreigners who were accompanied around local sights by up to five escorts each, said one of the tourists. "She's a lovely Tibetan lass," commented a judge. Bai Ji, who wins n trip to Hong Kong, was best overall in the five categories — general impression, artistic qualities; poise, appearance and grouning, and interviewing skills. Bikins were out, said Holiday Inn's Italian General Manager Emesto Barba, a Buddhist with n doctorate in religion, because of the Himalayan cold and China's con-

servative religious percepts. New technique may discover hidden breast cancer

CHICAGO (R) — A new magnetic resonance imaging term nique that scans the breast but blocks out fatty tissue that offer hides tumunrs can pinpoist cancerous lesions that standard mammograms may miss, scall tists said Monday. The technique may make it easier to decid whether breast cancer victims should have breast removal in less radical surgery, researched from Baylor University Medical Centre in Dallas said. The technique was detailed at the annual meeting of the Radiological soci ety of North America. "The technique can see additional tumours that may not be visible on conventional mammograms. said Steven Harms, director of the research programme. Example, if only one cameros lesion has been identified such patient is considering humps tomy (removal of the tumos only), magnetic resonance can be performed to determine if any have other, undiagnosists of cancer in the breast, the said. Magnetic resonance radiation-free technique of ploying magnetic and radic waves. Hydrogen atoms in body's water align a certain of m a magnetic field, projectiff mages. In the technique fat is suppressed in the projected

هِلْذَا مِنْ لِلْصِلْ